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# Application of Artificial Neural Network for Mineral Potential Mapping

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## 1. Introduction

Mineral exploration is a multidisciplinary task requiring the simultaneous consideration of numerous disparate geophysical, geological, and geochemical datasets (Knox-Robinson, 2000). The size and complexity of regional exploration data available to geologist are increasing rapidly from a variety of sources such as remote sensing, airborne geophysics, large commercially available geological and geochemical data (Brown et al., 2000). This demands more effective integration and analysis of regional and various of geospatial data with different formats and attributes. In addition, this needs spatial modeling techniques using observations regarding the association of mineral occurrences with various geological features in a qualitative manner.

Geographic Information System (GIS) methods are very useful for processing and combining data within maps in mineral potential mapping. The development of GIS-based methods for integration and analysis of regional exploration datasets has an important role in assisting the decision-making processes for geologists in selection of exploration area (Brown et al., 2000). More recently, the mineral exploration industry has taken this approach further and with the help of spatial data modeling in GIS (Partington, 2010).

The spatial modeling techniques been proposed for mineral potential mapping, such as weights of evidence model (Bonham-Carter et al., 1988, 1989; Agterberg et al., 1990; Xu et al., 1992; Rencz et al., 1994; Pan, 1996; Raines, 1999; Carranza & Hale, 2000; Tangestani & Moore, 2001; Carranza, 2004; Agterberg & Bonham-Carter, 2005; Jianping et al., 2005; Nykanen & Raines, 2006; Porwal et al., 2006; Roy et al., 2006; Nykänen & Ojala, 2007; Raines et al., 2007; Oh & Lee, 2008; Harris et al., 2008; Benomar et al., 2009), Bayesian network classifiers (Porwal et al., 2006), logistic regression (Chung and Agterberg, 1980; Agterberg, 1988; Oh & Lee, 2008), fuzzy logic (An et al., 1991; Bonham-Carter, 1994; Eddy et al., 1995; D'Ercole et al., 2000; Knox-Robinson, 2000; Luo & Dimitrakopoulos, 2003; De Quadros et al., 2006; Carranza et al., 2008; Nykänen, 2008), artificial neural networks (Singer & Kouda, 1996; Harris & Pan, 1999; Brown et al., 2000, 2003; Rigol-Sanchez et al., 2003; Behnia, 2007; Skabar, 2007; Oh & Lee, 2008), and an evidence theory model (Moon, 1990, 1993; An & Moon, 1993; Moon & So, 1995; Porwal et al., 2003; Carranza et al., 2005). Researches using GIS have involved comparison of methods (Harris et al., 2003; Oh & Lee, 2008) and resolutions of spatial data used for mapping mineral potential, development of advanced methods,

improvement of prediction accuracy, and case studies for mineral potential mapping. These approaches have been successfully applied to mineral resource appraisal.

Artificial neural network (ANN), one of the spatial modeling methods, has great potential in various fields of application such as pattern recognition, classification, identification, vision, speech, and control systems in solving complex problems. The artificial neural network has advantage compared with statistical methods. Firstly, the artificial neural network method is independent of the statistical distribution of the data and there is no need of specific statistical variables. Compared with the statistical methods, neural networks allow the target classes to be defined with much consideration to their distribution in the corresponding domain of each data source (Zhou, 1999). Mineral potential mapping is an example where ANN method can be applied because the deposit occurrence is usually controlled by numerous interlocking geological features with non-linear relationship. It is difficult to estimate a spatial recognition criteria for appropriate training data in processes of various geological factors to form the deposits on the surface (Nykanen, 2008). It is important to select the training data such as deposit- and non-deposit locations used as input to the ANN's learning algorithm, which is proposed that minimizes some targeted minimal error between the desired and actual outputs of the network (Paola & Schowengardt, 1995, Skabar, 2005).

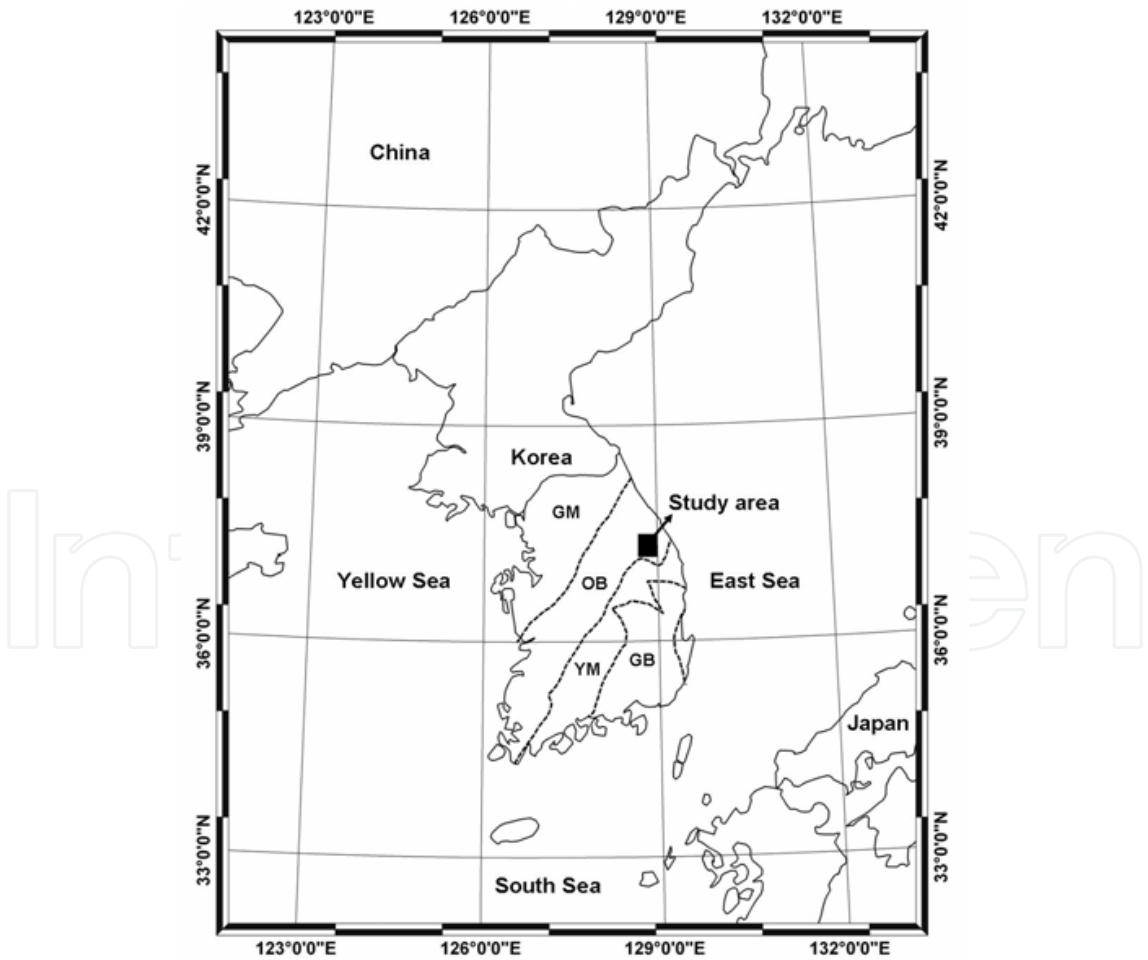


Fig. 1. Study area with tectonic units (GM = Gyeonggi Massif, OB = Ogcheon Belt, YM = Yeongnam Massif, GB = Gyeongsang Basin)

The objective of this study is to set some cases for selection of training data using quantitative mineral potential index by likelihood ratio, weights of evidence and logistic regression models, generate gold-silver potential maps using GIS and ANN to the various training sets, and estimate the predictive accuracy of those potential maps in the Taebaeksan mineralized district, Korea (Fig. 1). The preparation of mineral potential maps using GIS (ArcGIS 9.0) was accomplished in five major steps (Fig. 2): (1) Assembly of a spatial database. A total of 46 gold-silver mineral deposits were used to create a spatial database using GIS. Geological, geochemical and geophysical maps were similarly treated. (2) Processing the data from the database. The known mineral deposits were randomly split 70/ 30 for training/ testing, which used for analyzing and validating mineral potential maps using likelihood ratio, weights of evidence, logistic regression and ANN models (Leite & Souza Filho, 2009). Training locations (deposit and none-deposit occurrence) for ANN analysis were extracted from potential maps based on likelihood ration, weights of evidence and logistic regression models. Training dataset and the factors were analyzed and their weights were determined quantitatively. Especially, the nine cases for selection of training datasets determined from likelihood ratio, weights of evidence and logistic regression models were simulated to evaluate the sensitivity of ANN to training data. (3) Application of weights to generate a mineral potential map. (4) Validation of the potential map using test deposits that were not used directly in the analysis.

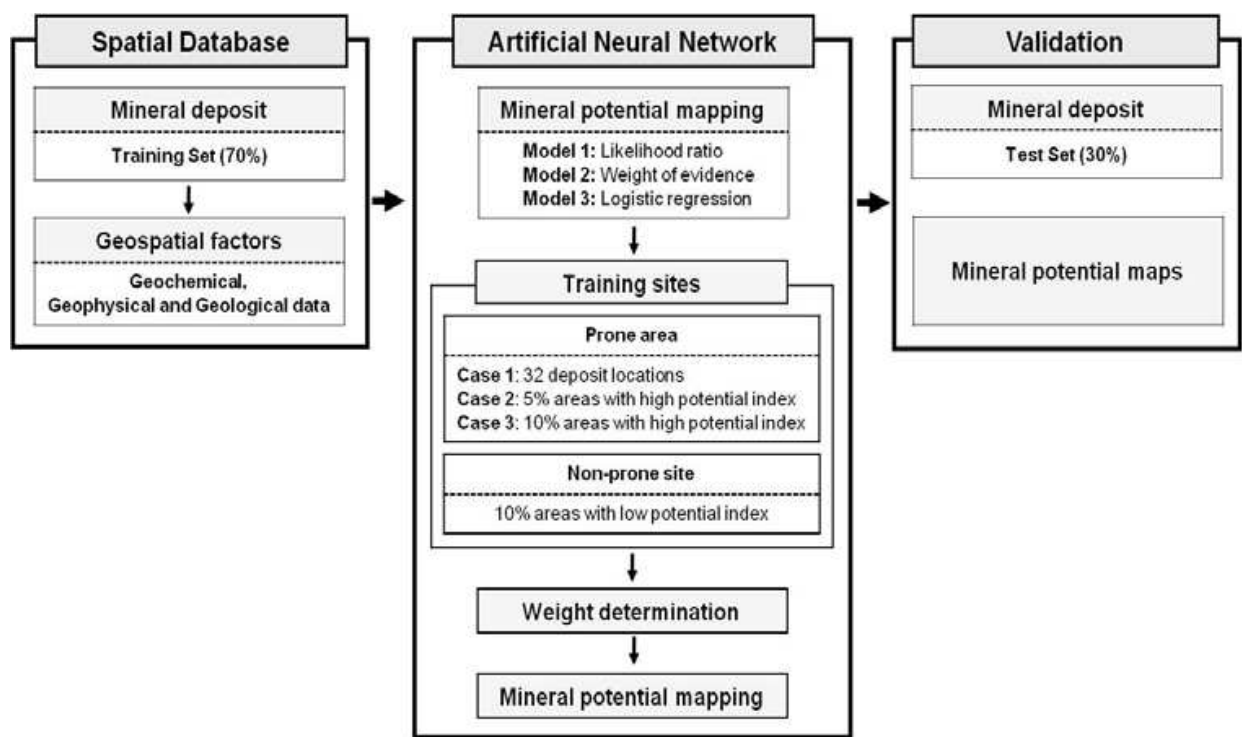


Fig. 2. Study flow for mineral potential mapping

## 2. Study area

The study area is bounded by latitudes 37°15'24''–37°30'00'' N and longitudes 128°30'30''–129°02'40'' E and lies in the Taebaeksan mineralized district at central east part of the





Precambrian metamorphic rocks consist largely of banded gneiss, with lesser amounts of migmatitic gneiss, schist and quartzite. Additionally, there is abundant orthogenic granitic, garnet-bearing granitic, leucocratic and porphyroblastic gneiss incorporated within the complex unit. The Cambro-Ordovician Joseon System is mainly shallow marine in origin and consists predominantly of carbonates with lesser amounts of sandstone and shale, whereas the Carboniferous to Early Triassic Pyeongan System comprises thick clastic successions of marginal marine to non-marine environments. The Jurassic plutonic rock, Imgye Granite, mainly occurs as a large batholith trend NW-SE and as small stocks along the Ogcheon Belt consisting of granite with minor syenite and diorite. The Cretaceous plutonic rock, Samhwa Granite, mainly occurs as small stocks composed of granodiorite andesite, diorite, granite and granite porphyry (Kim et al., 1996, 2001).

Igneous rocks related to gold-silver deposits in the Korean Peninsula are Jurassic and Cretaceous granites. Gold-silver deposits are distributed in and around those granites. The Taebaeksan district is a famous metallogenic area that contains a variety of deposit types, including Cu-Fe-Au, W-Mo and Pb-Zn skarns, Pb-Zn-Ag hydrothermal carbonate replacement ores, Carline-like, alaskite, pegmatite, greisen and gold-silver vein deposits. Gold-silver bearing hydrothermal vein deposits in the study area occur in various host lithologies, consist of multiple generations of quartz and/ or carbonates with base metal sulphides, and have NNW, NS or NNE strikes, which seem to be related to NE strike-slip faults. Veins generally comprise quartz, lesser carbonate and polymetallic minerals including pyrite, sphalerite, galena, arsenopyrite, chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite. Electrum is the most common gold bearing ore mineral and the common silver-bearing phases are native silver, argentite, pyrargyrite and polybasite (Park et al., 1988; Lee & Park, 1996; Koh et al., 2003).

### 3. Spatial database

Data of hydrothermal gold-silver deposits were obtained from mineral deposit maps of the Taebaeksan mineralization with mineral variety and type, which were obtained from the MIRECO (Mine Reclamation Corp.), NHMRG (Natural Hazard Mitigation Research Group) and KIGAM (Korea Institute of Geoscience and Mineral Resources). The available factors related to gold-silver mineral occurrence are geophysical data of magnetic anomaly (Chi et al., 2001), geological data of geology and fault structure, and geochemical data of Al, As, Ba, Ca, Cd, Co, Cr, Cu, Fe, K, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Ni, Pb, Si, Sr, V, W, Zn, Cl<sup>-</sup> and F<sup>-</sup> produced by KIGAM (Table 1). All of these factors were used within a spatial database with a pixel size of 30m x 30m. Most of the continuous data was classified into 10 equal-area classes. Categorical data, such as the geology, was set the unique attribute value to the each class. The numbers of rows and columns are, respectively, 986 and 1,183, and the total number of cells in the study area is 1,166,438. The number of mineral deposit occurrences is 46 and the number of factor is 26.

The geological data were derived from 1:50,000 geological maps (Jeongseon, Imgye, Yemi and Homyeong sheets). The geology and distance from fault were registered (Fig. 3). The geochemical maps were made from IDW (Inverse Distance Weighting) interpolation of values of geochemical elements, which were analyzed and collected from a stream water and sediment geochemical survey (Fig. A1a-w, Lee et al., 1998). The geophysical data was acquired through airborne magnetic surveys (Koo et al., 2001) (Fig. A1x).

| Category         | Factors  | Data type    | Scale     | Remarks                                     |
|------------------|--|--------------|-----------|---|
| Deposit          | Au-Ag  | Point        | -         | 46 deposits                                 |
| Geochemical Data | Al, As, Ba, Ca, Cd, Cl-, Co, Cr, Cu, F-, Fe, K, Li, Mg, Mn, Na, Ni, Pb, Si, Sr, V, W, Zn | Point        | 1:250,000 | IDW (Inverse Distance Weight) Interpolation |
| Geological Data  | Geology Distance from fault  | Polygon Line | 1:50,000  | Combination of four geological map sheets   |
| Geophysical Data | Magnetic anomaly   | Point        | 1:250,000 | IDW (Inverse Distance Weight) Interpolation |

Table 1. Data layer of study area

4. Models

4.1 Artificial neural network model

An artificial neural network is a “computational mechanism able to acquire, represent, and compute a mapping from one multivariate space of information to another, given a set of data representing that mapping” (Garrett, 1994). The purpose of an artificial neural network is to build a model of the data-generating process, so that the network can generalize and predict outputs from inputs that it has not previously seen. The back-propagation is one of the most popular training algorithm used neural network method and is the method used in this study. The back-propagation algorithm trains network layer by layer doing forward and backward computation and is trained using a set of examples of associated input and output values. This learning algorithm is a multi-layered neural network, which consists of three layers; input, hidden and output. The hidden and output layer neurons process their inputs by multiplying each input by a corresponding weight, summing the product, then processing the sum using a log-sigmoid transfer function to produce a result (Fig. 4). An artificial neural network learns by adjusting the weights between the neurons in response to the errors between the actual output values and the target output values. At the end of this training phase, the neural network provides a model that should be able to predict a target value from a given input value (Lee et al., 2007). There are two stages involved in using neural network for multi-source classification; the training stage, in which the internal weights are adjusted; and the classifying stage. Typically, the back-propagation algorithm trains the network until some targeted minimal error is achieved between the desired and actual output values of the network. Once the training is complete, the network is used as a feed-forward structure to produce a classification for the entire data (Paola & Schowengerdt, 1995). A neural network consists of a number of interconnected nodes. Each node is a simple processing element that responds to the weighted inputs it received from other nodes. The arrangement of the nodes is referred to as the network architecture (Fig. 4). The receiving node sums the weighted signals from all nodes to which it is connected in the preceding layer. Formally, the input that a single node *j* receives is weighted according to Eq. (1):

$$net_j = \sum_i w_{ij} \cdot o_i \quad (1)$$

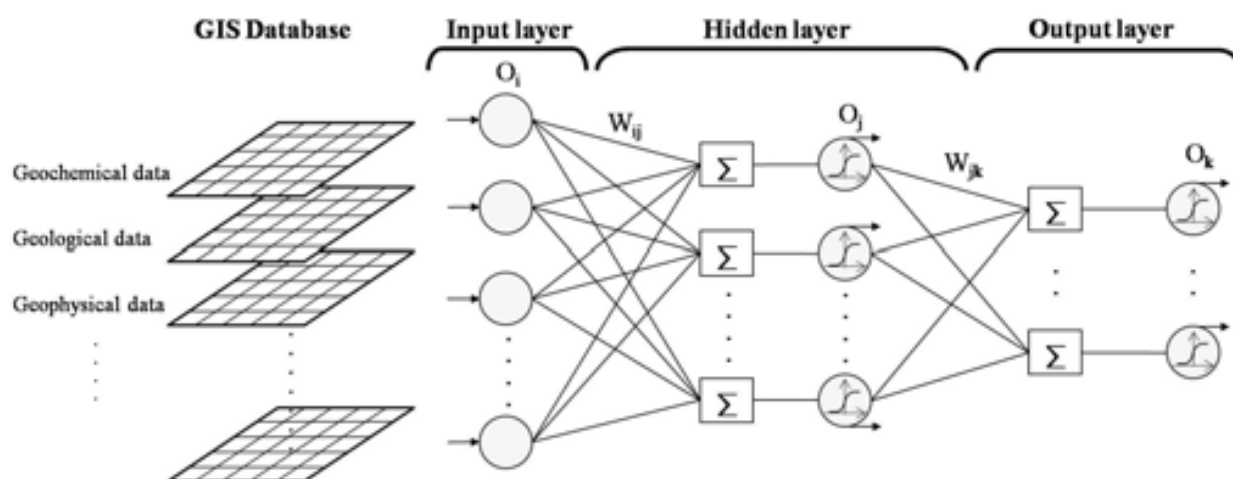


Fig. 4. The architecture of the artificial neural network

where  $w_{ij}$  represents the weight between node  $i$  and node  $j$ , and  $o_i$  is the output from node  $i$  such as Eq. (2):

$$o_j = f(net_j) \quad (2)$$

The valued produced by hidden node  $j$ ,  $o_j$ , is the activation function,  $f$ , evaluated at the sum produced within node  $j$ ,  $net_j$ ,  $net_j$ , in turn, is a function of the weights between the input and hidden layer,  $w_{ij}$ , and the outputs of the input layer nodes,  $o_i$ . The function  $f$  is usually a non-linear sigmoid function that is applied to the weighted sum of inputs before the signal processes proceeds to the next layer. Advantage of the sigmoid function is that its derivative can be expressed in terms of the function itself such as Eq. (3):

$$f'(net_j) = f(net_j)(1 - f(net_j)) \quad (3)$$

The error,  $E$ , for one training pattern for input layer,  $t$ , is a function of the desired output vector,  $d$ , and the actual output vector,  $o$ , given by Eq. (4):

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_k (d_k - o_k) \quad (4)$$

The error back propagated through neural network and the error is minimized by changing the weight between layers. So, the weight can be expressed by Eq. (5):

$$w_{ij}(n+1) = \eta(\delta_j \cdot o_i) + \alpha \Delta w_{ij} \quad (5)$$

where  $\eta$  is the learning rate parameter,  $\delta_j$  is an index of the rate of change of the error, and  $\alpha$  is the momentum parameter. This process of feeding forward signals and back propagating



the error is repeated iteratively until the error of the network as a whole is minimized or reaches an acceptable magnitude.

Using the backpropagation, the weight of each factor can be recognized and it can be used to weight determination for mineral potential. Zhou (1999) described the method of determination of the weight using backpropagation. From Eq. (2), the effect of an output  $o_j$  from a hidden layer node  $j$  on the output  $o_k$  from an output layer node  $k$  can be represented by the partial derivative of  $o_k$  with respect to  $o_j$  such as Eq. (6):

$$\frac{\partial o_k}{\partial o_j} = f'(net_k) \cdot \frac{\partial (net_k)}{\partial o_j} = f'(net_k) \cdot w_{jk} \quad (6)$$

The Eq. (6) equation can produce values with both positive and negative signs. If only the magnitude of the effects is of interest, the importance of node  $j$  relative to another node  $j_0$  in the hidden layer can be calculated as the ratio of the absolute values from the Eq. (6):

$$\frac{\left| \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial o_j} \right|}{\left| \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial o_{j_0}} \right|} = \frac{\left| f'(net_k) \cdot w_{jk} \right|}{\left| f'(net_k) \cdot w_{j_0k} \right|} = \frac{\left| w_{jk} \right|}{\left| w_{j_0k} \right|} \quad (7)$$

The Eq. (7) shows that, with respect to a particular node  $k$  in the output layer, the relative importance of a node  $j$  in the hidden layer is proportional to the absolute value of the weight on its connection to the node  $k$  in the output layer. When more than one node in the output layer is concerned, the Eq. (7) equation cannot be used to compare the importance of two nodes in the hidden layer. In other words, the relative importance of a node must somehow be normalized to make it more comparable with that of other nodes. One choice is to let, in (7):

$$w_{j_0k} = \frac{1}{J} \cdot \sum_{j=1}^J \left| w_{jk} \right| \quad (8)$$

to obtain the normalized importance of node  $j$  with respect to node  $k$

$$t_{jk} = \frac{\left| w_{jk} \right|}{\frac{1}{J} \cdot \sum_{j=1}^J \left| w_{jk} \right|} = \frac{J \cdot \left| w_{jk} \right|}{\sum_{j=1}^J \left| w_{jk} \right|} \quad (9)$$

Therefore, with respect to the node  $k$ , each node in the hidden layer has a value greater or smaller than one, depending on whether it is more or less important than the average, respectively. With respect to the same node  $k$ , all the nodes in the hidden layer have a total importance such as Eq. (10):

$$\sum_{j=1}^J t_{jk} = J \quad (10)$$

Consequently, with respect to all nodes in the output layer, to which connected to hidden layer, the overall importance of node  $j$  can be calculated as Eq. (11):

$$t_j = \frac{1}{K} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^K t_{jk} \quad (11)$$

Similar to Eq. (9), with respect to the node  $j$  in the hidden layer, the normalized importance of the node  $i$  in the input layer can be defined as Eq. (12):

$$s_{ij} = \frac{|w_{ij}|}{\frac{1}{I} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^I |w_{ij}|} = \frac{I \cdot |w_{ij}|}{\sum_{i=1}^I |w_{ij}|} \quad (12)$$

With respect to the hidden layer, the overall importance of node  $i$  is done by Eq. (13):

$$s_i = \frac{1}{J} \cdot \sum_{j=1}^J s_{ij} \quad (13)$$

Correspondingly, the overall importance of the input node  $i$  with respect to the output node  $k$  is given by Eq. (14):

$$st_i = \frac{1}{J} \cdot \sum_{j=1}^J s_{ij} \cdot t_j \quad (14)$$

#### 4.2 Likelihood ratio model

The likelihood ratio is a simple technique for producing a mineral potential map, and it is highly compatible with GIS. The likelihood ratio approach is based on observed relationships between the distribution of mineral deposits and each mineral deposit-related factor and are used to reveal the correlation between mineral deposit locations and factors in the study area. The likelihood ratio is the ratio of occurrence probability to non-occurrence probability for specific attributes.

For a given number of units cells,  $N(D)$ , containing a mineral deposit,  $D$ , and given number of total cells,  $N(T)$ , the prior probability of an occurrence is expressed by

$$P(D) = \frac{N(D)}{N(T)} \quad (15)$$

Now suppose that a binary predictor pattern,  $B$ , occupying  $N(B)$  unit cells, occurs in the region, and that a number of known mineral deposits occur preferentially within the pattern, i.e.,  $N(D \cap B)$ , then the probability of locating a deposit given the presence of a predictor( $B$ ), and the probability of a deposit occurrence in the absence of a pattern( $\bar{B}$ ) can be expressed by the following conditional probabilities, respectively:

$$P(D|B) = \frac{P(D \cap B)}{P(B)} = P(D) \frac{P(B|D)}{P(B)} \quad (16)$$

$$P(D|\bar{B}) = \frac{P(D \cap \bar{B})}{P(\bar{B})} = P(D) \frac{P(\bar{B}|D)}{P(\bar{B})} \quad (17)$$

The posterior probability of a deposit occurrence given presence and absence of a favorable predictor pattern are denoted by  $P(D|B)$  and  $P(D|\bar{B})$ , respectively.  $P(B|D)$  and  $P(\bar{B}|D)$  are the posterior probabilities of being inside and outside the predictor pattern  $B$ , respectively, given the presence of a deposit  $D$ .  $P(B)$  and  $P(\bar{B})$  are the prior probabilities of the presence of a predictor pattern  $B$ .

The odds,  $O$ , is defined as the ration of the probability  $P$  that an event will occur to the probability that the event will not occur; i.e.  $O = P / \bar{P} = P / (1 - P)$ . Expressed as odds, Eqs. 18 and 19 become:

$$O(D|B) = O(D) \frac{P(B|D)}{P(B|\bar{D})} \quad (18)$$

$$O(D|\bar{B}) = O(D) \frac{P(\bar{B}|D)}{P(\bar{B}|\bar{D})} \quad (19)$$

where  $O(D|B)$  and  $O(D|\bar{B})$  are the posterior odds of a deposit given the presence and absence of a binary predictor pattern  $B$ , respectively, and  $O(D)$  is the prior odds of a deposit. The likelihood ratios, which are sufficiency ratio (LS) and necessity ratio (LN), are quire by the following equation:

$$LS = \frac{P(B|D)}{P(B|\bar{D})} \quad (20)$$

$$LN = \frac{P(\bar{B}|D)}{P(\bar{B}|\bar{D})} \quad (21)$$

To calculate the likelihood ratio for the class or type of each factor, all scale factors that consisted of a raster type were reclassified into 10 classes based on equal areas using GIS techniques. The cross tabulation in ArcGIS 9.0 was used to calculate the number of deposit occurrences in the class or type of each factor. The likelihood ratio was used to calculate the ratio of the cell with deposit occurrence in each class for a reclassified factor or categorical factor (i.e., geochemical data and geology), and the ratio was assigned to each factor class again. Finally, the likelihood ratios (Table A1) of each factor type or range were summed to calculate the Mineral Potential Index (MPI) (Fig. 5a), as shown in Eq. (22):

$$MPI_{LR} = Lr_1 + Lr_2 + Lr_3 + \dots + Lr_n \quad (22)$$

where  $Lr_n$  = likelihood ratio of each factor type or range.

The  $MPI_{LR}$  represents relative potential of mineral deposit occurrence. The greater the value, the higher the potential of mineral deposit occurrence and the lower the value, the lower the

potential of mineral deposit occurrence. The mineral deposit potential map was made using the  $MPI_{LR}$  and was used for selecting training sites.

#### 4.3 Weights of evidence model

The following application of Bayesian probability known as the likelihood ratio and weights of evidence to mineral potential analysis was synthesized from Bonham-Carter (1994) and Bonham-Carter et al. (1989). A detailed description of the formulation of the weights of evidence method is available in Bonham-Carter et al. (1989) and Bonham-Carter (1994). The weights can be defined as shown in Eqs. 23 and 24:

$$W^+ = \log_e LS \quad (23)$$

$$W^- = \log_e LR \quad (24)$$

$$C = W^+ - W^- \quad (25)$$

$$S(c) = \sqrt{S^2(W^+) + S^2(W^-)} \quad (26)$$

where  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  are the weights of evidence when a binary predictor pattern is present and absent, respectively and also shows the level of positive and negative correlation between the presence and absence of the predictable variable and the deposit occurrence. The difference between the  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  weight is known as the weight contrast,  $C$ . The  $C$  reflects the overall spatial association between the predictable variable and the mineral deposit. The  $S^2(W^+)$  and  $S^2(W^-)$  are variances of  $W^+$  and  $W^-$  and  $S(C)$  is the standard deviation of the contrast. The studentized value of  $C$ , calculated as the ratio of  $C$  to its standard deviation,  $C/S(C)$ , serves as a guide to the significance of the spatial association, and becomes useful in determining cutoff value to convert multiclass evidential data into binary predictor maps (Bonham-Carter et al., 1989; Carranza, 2004). In this study the cutoff value within which their spatial association with a given pattern is most statistically significant was chosen based on the maximum studentized value of contrast( $C/ s(C)$ ).

To calculate the weights of evidence for the class or type of each factor, the same type of input factor as the likelihood ratio is used. The cell number of deposit occurrence in each class of reclassified or categorical factors was also calculated using cross tabulation function in ArcGIS. The binary predictor patterns were also assigned weights (Table A1) and were combined according to Eq. (27). The mineral potential map was shown in Fig. 5b.

$$MPI_{WOE} = Woe_1 + Woe_2 + Woe_3 + \dots + Woe_n \quad (27)$$

where  $Woe = W^+$  and  $W^-$  of the binary pattern for a range of each factor values or factor class.

The mineral deposit potential map was made using the  $MPI_{WOE}$  and was used for selecting training sites.



4.4 Logistic regression model

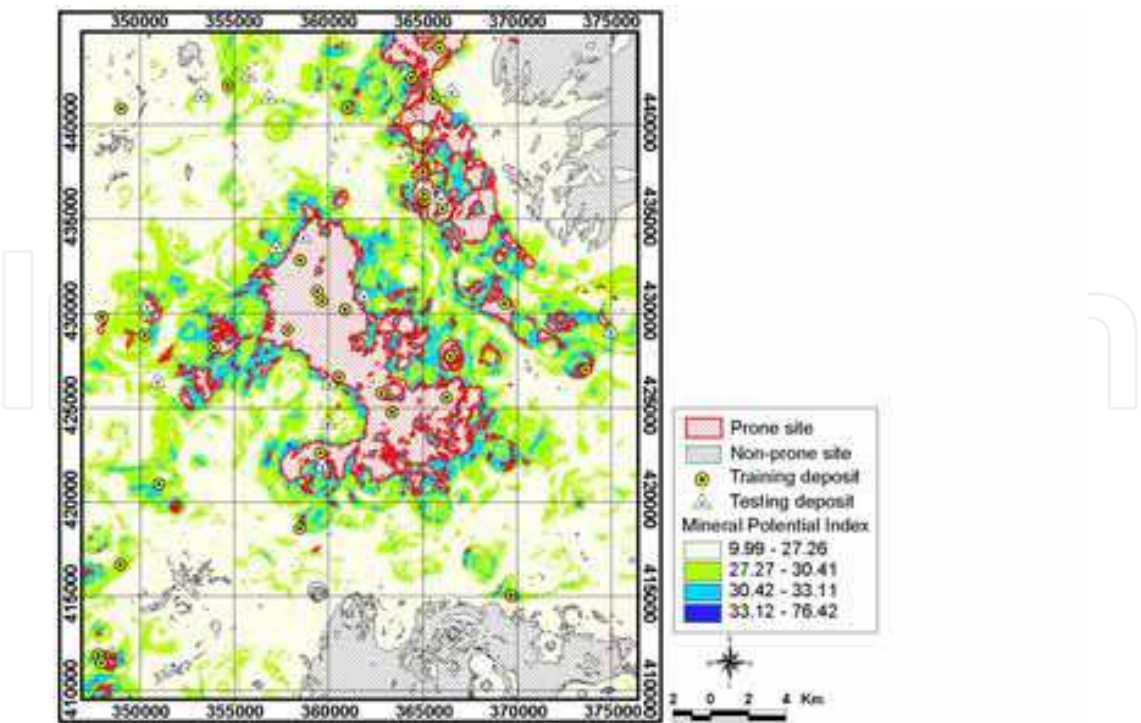
The logistic regression, which is one of the multivariate analysis models, is useful for predicting the presence or absence of a characteristic or outcome based on values of a set of spatial variables. The advantage of logistic regression is that, through the addition of an appropriate link a function to a usual linear regression model, the variables may be either continuous or discrete, or any combination of both types (Lee et al, 2007). In this study, the dependent variable is binary representing presence or absence of a mineral deposit and therefore a logistic link function is applicable (Atkinson & Massari 1998). For this study, the dependent variable must be input as either 0 or 1, so the method applies well to mineral potential analysis. Logistic regression coefficients can be used to estimate odds ratios for each of independent variables in the model. The relationship between the occurrence and its dependency on several variables can be expressed as:

$$p= 1/(1+e^{-z}) \tag{28}$$

where p is the probability of the event occurring and z is parameter. In this study, the p is the estimated probability of mineral deposit occurrence. The probability varies from 0 to 1 on an S-shaped curve and z is the linear combination. It follows that logistic regression involves fitting an equation of the following form to the data:

$$z = b_0 + b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 + \dots + b_nx_n \tag{29}$$

where z is parameter, b<sub>0</sub> is the y-axis intercept, b<sub>i</sub> (i = 0, 1, 2, ..., n) are the slope coefficients of the logistic regression model and the x<sub>i</sub> (i = 0, 1, 2, ..., n) are the independent variables. The logistic regression coefficient values are listed in Table A1. The mineral potential map was made using Eqs. (28) and (29) and was used for selecting training sites.



(a)

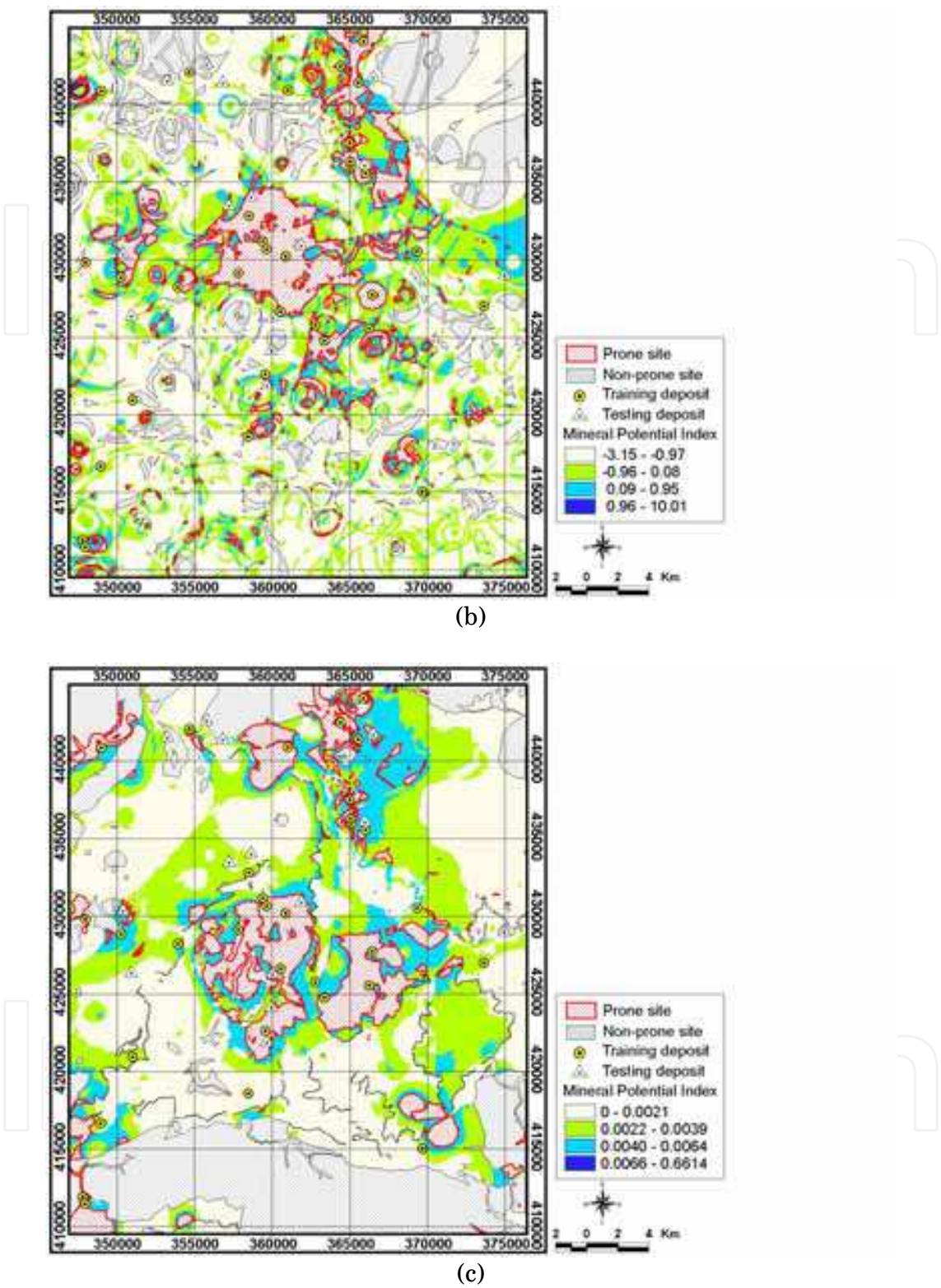


Fig. 5. Mineral potential maps based on likelihood ratio (a), weights of evidence (b) and logistic regression models (c): reclassification of low 60% (ivory colour), medium 20% (green colour), high 10% (sky blue colour), and very high 10% (blue colour) based on mineral potential index; training sites including “prone” (very high 10%) and “non-prone” (very low 10%) to deposit occurrence

5. Mineral deposit potential analysis using the Artificial Neural Network

The 26 factors were used as the input data. Nine cases of training sites of mineral deposit-prone locations and the locations that were not prone to mineral deposits were made (Table 2). It can be difficult to specifically estimate a criterion for selection of training sites using any predictor map because deposits are formed by various geological factors processes. Classification of location that is prone and non-prone to mineral deposits from expert’s experience can also change and be subjective when more information is available. While cells including a known deposit are indubitably mineralized, cells that do not include a known deposit may or may not be mineralized. If small deposit and non-deposit training data are selected from the known deposit cell and the large corpus of non-deposit cell, respectively, the mineral potential map can be highly sensitive to particular choice of deposit and non-deposit training data (Skabar, 2005; Harris et al., 2003). Porwal et al., 2003 and Nykanen (2008) approached the problem of sensitivity of ANN to this non-deposit site training data by selecting training data in low mineral potential area modeled previously using a weights of evidence method. Skabar (2005) used for replicates of deposit locations. For each replicate set, they randomly selected and used 3/ 4 and 1/ 4 of the deposit locations for training and testing, respectively.

| Models              | Case   | Prone area  | Non-prone area   |
|---------------------|--------|---|--|
| Likelihood ratio    | Case 1 | Deposit occurrence  | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LR}$ )  |
|                     | Case 2 | 5% areas with high mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LR}$ )   | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LR}$ )  |
|                     | Case 3 | 10% areas with high mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LR}$ )  | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LR}$ )  |
| Weights of evidence | Case 4 | Deposit occurrence  | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{WOE}$ ) |
|                     | Case 5 | 5% areas with high mineral potential index ( $MPI_{WOE}$ )  | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{WOE}$ ) |
|                     | Case 6 | 10% areas with high mineral potential index ( $MPI_{WOE}$ ) | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LO}$ )  |
| Logistic regression | Case 7 | Deposit occurrence  | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{WOE}$ ) |
|                     | Case 8 | 5% areas with high mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LO}$ )   | 10% areas with low mineral potential index ( $MPI_{LO}$ )  |
|                     | Case 9 | 10% areas with high mineral                                 | 10% areas with low mineral                                 |

Table 2. Nine different training cases determined from likelihood ratio, weights of evidence and logistic regression models

To select training sites based on scientific and objective criteria, we used values of  $MPI_{LR}$ ,  $MPI_{WOE}$ ,  $MPI_{LO}$  (Fig. 5) because they represent relationships of deposit- and non-deposit locations with various factors. Pixels from each of the two classes were randomly selected as training pixels, with 32 pixels denoting areas where training mineral deposits occurred.



| Factors | Case 1 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Case 2 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|         | Run1   | Run2  | Run3  | Run4  | Run5  | Mean  | S.D.  | N.V.  | Run1  | Run2   | Run3  | Run4  | Run5  | Mean  | S.D.  | N.V.  | Run1  | Run2  |
| Al      | 0.032  | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.043 | 0.046 | 0.040 | 0.006 | 1.136 | 0.037 | 0.037  | 0.038 | 0.041 | 0.046 | 0.040 | 0.004 | 1.149 | 0.037 | 0.037 |
| As      | 0.034  | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.002 | 1.011 | 0.039 | 0.034  | 0.033 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.003 | 1.045 | 0.037 | 0.037 |
| Ba      | 0.042  | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.032 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.085 | 0.038 | 0.037  | 0.041 | 0.037 | 0.031 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.067 | 0.043 | 0.037 |
| Ca      | 0.036  | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.001 | 1.019 | 0.043 | 0.042  | 0.036 | 0.042 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.003 | 1.170 | 0.037 | 0.037 |
| Cd      | 0.034  | 0.038 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.002 | 1.080 | 0.040 | 0.036  | 0.027 | 0.032 | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.005 | 1.000 | 0.041 | 0.037 |
| Cl-     | 0.041  | 0.036 | 0.039 | 0.030 | 0.033 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.014 | 0.035 | 0.038  | 0.037 | 0.042 | 0.032 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.066 | 0.045 | 0.037 |
| Co      | 0.041  | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.068 | 0.039 | 0.037  | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.002 | 1.084 | 0.040 | 0.037 |
| Cr      | 0.040  | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.033 | 0.036 | 0.003 | 1.027 | 0.042 | 0.044  | 0.047 | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.041 | 0.005 | 1.190 | 0.032 | 0.037 |
| Cu      | 0.037  | 0.039 | 0.041 | 0.035 | 0.047 | 0.040 | 0.004 | 1.130 | 0.038 | 0.045  | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.048 | 0.041 | 0.005 | 1.173 | 0.045 | 0.037 |
| F-      | 0.039  | 0.044 | 0.044 | 0.040 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.004 | 1.148 | 0.031 | 0.042  | 0.045 | 0.041 | 0.035 | 0.039 | 0.006 | 1.120 | 0.043 | 0.037 |
| Fe      | 0.029  | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.010 | 0.039 | 0.039  | 0.034 | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.061 | 0.037 | 0.037 |
| K       | 0.037  | 0.036 | 0.036 | 0.033 | 0.044 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.047 | 0.035 | 0.037  | 0.041 | 0.036 | 0.043 | 0.039 | 0.003 | 1.115 | 0.033 | 0.037 |
| Li      | 0.037  | 0.037 | 0.036 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.001 | 1.059 | 0.042 | 0.037  | 0.041 | 0.048 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.005 | 1.178 | 0.041 | 0.037 |
| Mg      | 0.039  | 0.042 | 0.044 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.002 | 1.191 | 0.034 | 0.041  | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.110 | 0.036 | 0.037 |
| Mn      | 0.033  | 0.035 | 0.033 | 0.043 | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.008 | 0.038 | 0.041  | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.035 | 0.038 | 0.002 | 1.086 | 0.046 | 0.037 |
| Na      | 0.041  | 0.031 | 0.043 | 0.033 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.005 | 1.026 | 0.041 | 0.038  | 0.045 | 0.044 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.004 | 1.176 | 0.031 | 0.037 |
| Ni      | 0.053  | 0.047 | 0.039 | 0.046 | 0.045 | 0.046 | 0.005 | 1.294 | 0.050 | 0.048  | 0.036 | 0.040 | 0.046 | 0.044 | 0.006 | 1.270 | 0.036 | 0.037 |
| Pb      | 0.040  | 0.035 | 0.043 | 0.036 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.003 | 1.101 | 0.043 | 0.045  | 0.036 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.003 | 1.204 | 0.037 | 0.037 |
| Si      | 0.039  | 0.039 | 0.033 | 0.044 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.101 | 0.039 | 0.035  | 0.038 | 0.031 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.058 | 0.039 | 0.037 |
| Sr      | 0.033  | 0.042 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.068 | 0.035 | 0.035  | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.101 | 0.040 | 0.037 |
| V       | 0.040  | 0.040 | 0.043 | 0.034 | 0.044 | 0.040 | 0.004 | 1.137 | 0.044 | 0.034  | 0.049 | 0.035 | 0.043 | 0.041 | 0.006 | 1.184 | 0.035 | 0.037 |
| W       | 0.041  | 0.031 | 0.045 | 0.037 | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.005 | 1.066 | 0.031 | 0.031  | 0.044 | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.035 | 0.005 | 1.005 | 0.039 | 0.037 |
| Zn      | 0.046  | 0.039 | 0.046 | 0.039 | 0.034 | 0.041 | 0.005 | 1.154 | 0.037 | 0.032  | 0.041 | 0.036 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.003 | 1.038 | 0.039 | 0.037 |
| Mag.    | 0.039  | 0.046 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.035 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.111 | 0.034 | 0.038  | 0.036 | 0.043 | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.076 | 0.039 | 0.037 |
| Fault   | 0.040  | 0.045 | 0.036 | 0.049 | 0.043 | 0.043 | 0.005 | 1.205 | 0.040 | 0.039  | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.043 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.083 | 0.036 | 0.037 |
| Geology | 0.038  | 0.036 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.034 | 0.035 | 0.002 | 1.000 | 0.038 | 0.039  | 0.038 | 0.043 | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.109 | 0.038 | 0.037 |
| Factors | Case 4 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Case 5 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|         | Run1   | Run2  | Run3  | Run4  | Run5  | Mean  | S.D.  | N.V.  | Run1  | Run2   | Run3  | Run4  | Run5  | Mean  | S.D.  | N.V.  | Run1  | Run2  |
| Al      | 0.031  | 0.047 | 0.037 | 0.033 | 0.043 | 0.038 | 0.007 | 1.144 | 0.038 | 0.031  | 0.038 | 0.038 | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.078 | 0.038 | 0.037 |
| As      | 0.033  | 0.043 | 0.039 | 0.039 | 0.044 | 0.040 | 0.004 | 1.186 | 0.042 | 0.037  | 0.033 | 0.042 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.106 | 0.042 | 0.037 |
| Ba      | 0.041  | 0.038 | 0.033 | 0.037 | 0.043 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.150 | 0.038 | 0.036  | 0.039 | 0.042 | 0.039 | 0.039 | 0.002 | 1.118 | 0.041 | 0.037 |
| Ca      | 0.037  | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.043 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.002 | 1.198 | 0.036 | 0.041  | 0.036 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.088 | 0.033 | 0.037 |
| Cd      | 0.033  | 0.037 | 0.042 | 0.036 | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.090 | 0.036 | 0.040  | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.002 | 1.108 | 0.038 | 0.037 |
| Cl-     | 0.041  | 0.034 | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.035 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.144 | 0.033 | 0.042  | 0.039 | 0.042 | 0.035 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.104 | 0.042 | 0.037 |



|         |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Co      | 0.039  | 0.036 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.002 | 1.144 | 0.037  | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.033 | 0.044 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.110 | 0.030 | 0.039 |
| Cr      | 0.039  | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.035 | 0.042 | 0.039 | 0.003 | 1.168 | 0.037  | 0.033 | 0.034 | 0.043 | 0.036 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.054 | 0.038 | 0.039 |
| Cu      | 0.036  | 0.045 | 0.033 | 0.039 | 0.049 | 0.040 | 0.007 | 1.210 | 0.041  | 0.034 | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.034 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.085 | 0.038 | 0.039 |
| F-      | 0.038  | 0.040 | 0.035 | 0.043 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.003 | 1.174 | 0.036  | 0.039 | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.035 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.096 | 0.043 | 0.039 |
| Fe      | 0.029  | 0.034 | 0.033 | 0.033 | 0.038 | 0.033 | 0.003 | 1.000 | 0.044  | 0.039 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.043 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.144 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| K       | 0.037  | 0.031 | 0.041 | 0.043 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.005 | 1.126 | 0.040  | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.036 | 0.002 | 1.053 | 0.041 | 0.039 |
| Li      | 0.038  | 0.041 | 0.039 | 0.034 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.132 | 0.045  | 0.038 | 0.040 | 0.044 | 0.037 | 0.041 | 0.003 | 1.182 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| Mg      | 0.037  | 0.036 | 0.043 | 0.039 | 0.032 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.120 | 0.041  | 0.038 | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.002 | 1.148 | 0.033 | 0.039 |
| Mn      | 0.033  | 0.044 | 0.039 | 0.039 | 0.041 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.174 | 0.046  | 0.047 | 0.033 | 0.036 | 0.043 | 0.041 | 0.006 | 1.182 | 0.043 | 0.039 |
| Na      | 0.041  | 0.037 | 0.048 | 0.046 | 0.041 | 0.043 | 0.004 | 1.275 | 0.036  | 0.034 | 0.042 | 0.038 | 0.042 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.109 | 0.045 | 0.039 |
| Ni      | 0.053  | 0.033 | 0.039 | 0.042 | 0.040 | 0.041 | 0.007 | 1.240 | 0.044  | 0.035 | 0.041 | 0.050 | 0.040 | 0.042 | 0.006 | 1.212 | 0.040 | 0.039 |
| Pb      | 0.041  | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.034 | 0.032 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 1.108 | 0.042  | 0.039 | 0.042 | 0.031 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.104 | 0.037 | 0.039 |
| Si      | 0.038  | 0.037 | 0.031 | 0.030 | 0.031 | 0.033 | 0.004 | 1.000 | 0.028  | 0.037 | 0.033 | 0.036 | 0.044 | 0.036 | 0.006 | 1.035 | 0.042 | 0.039 |
| Sr      | 0.033  | 0.037 | 0.041 | 0.036 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.003 | 1.090 | 0.046  | 0.039 | 0.037 | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.123 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| V       | 0.039  | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.033 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.003 | 1.078 | 0.037  | 0.045 | 0.041 | 0.043 | 0.030 | 0.039 | 0.006 | 1.133 | 0.041 | 0.039 |
| W       | 0.045  | 0.046 | 0.047 | 0.047 | 0.038 | 0.045 | 0.004 | 1.335 | 0.036  | 0.039 | 0.045 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.129 | 0.045 | 0.039 |
| Zn      | 0.046  | 0.037 | 0.031 | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.005 | 1.120 | 0.034  | 0.041 | 0.047 | 0.039 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.005 | 1.158 | 0.033 | 0.039 |
| Mag     | 0.044  | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.049 | 0.043 | 0.043 | 0.005 | 1.275 | 0.047  | 0.046 | 0.038 | 0.038 | 0.040 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 1.208 | 0.040 | 0.039 |
| Fault   | 0.039  | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.108 | 0.036  | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.117 | 0.038 | 0.039 |
| Geology | 0.038  | 0.039 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.001 | 1.162 | 0.030  | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.033 | 0.037 | 0.035 | 0.003 | 1.000 | 0.033 | 0.039 |
|         | Case 7 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Case 8 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| Factors | Run1   | Run2  | Run3  | Run4  | Run5  | Mean  | S.D.  | N.V.  | Run1   | Run2  | Run3  | Run4  | Run5  | Mean  | S.D.  | N.V.  | Run1  | Run2  |
| Al      | 0.038  | 0.034 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.081 | 0.034  | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.041 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.002 | 1.180 | 0.038 | 0.039 |
| As      | 0.035  | 0.048 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.040 | 0.041 | 0.005 | 1.192 | 0.042  | 0.042 | 0.047 | 0.051 | 0.042 | 0.045 | 0.004 | 1.413 | 0.040 | 0.039 |
| Ba      | 0.040  | 0.032 | 0.033 | 0.034 | 0.035 | 0.035 | 0.003 | 1.000 | 0.038  | 0.034 | 0.046 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.227 | 0.040 | 0.039 |
| Ca      | 0.044  | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.003 | 1.144 | 0.032  | 0.038 | 0.034 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.035 | 0.002 | 1.095 | 0.033 | 0.039 |
| Cd      | 0.036  | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.084 | 0.034  | 0.034 | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.002 | 1.133 | 0.042 | 0.039 |
| Cl-     | 0.041  | 0.038 | 0.043 | 0.042 | 0.036 | 0.040 | 0.003 | 1.150 | 0.041  | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.041 | 0.039 | 0.002 | 1.232 | 0.041 | 0.039 |
| Co      | 0.041  | 0.042 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.002 | 1.150 | 0.042  | 0.042 | 0.044 | 0.038 | 0.041 | 0.041 | 0.002 | 1.296 | 0.037 | 0.039 |
| Cr      | 0.040  | 0.038 | 0.041 | 0.042 | 0.043 | 0.041 | 0.002 | 1.178 | 0.037  | 0.036 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.168 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| Cu      | 0.041  | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.046 | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.136 | 0.035  | 0.036 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.038 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.173 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| F-      | 0.040  | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.034 | 0.030 | 0.037 | 0.005 | 1.059 | 0.042  | 0.045 | 0.037 | 0.041 | 0.045 | 0.042 | 0.003 | 1.309 | 0.045 | 0.039 |
| Fe      | 0.039  | 0.036 | 0.039 | 0.032 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.003 | 1.073 | 0.037  | 0.034 | 0.036 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.159 | 0.039 | 0.039 |
| K       | 0.038  | 0.039 | 0.032 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.003 | 1.064 | 0.038  | 0.039 | 0.037 | 0.036 | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.001 | 1.173 | 0.036 | 0.039 |
| Li      | 0.043  | 0.040 | 0.040 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.003 | 1.160 | 0.041  | 0.041 | 0.041 | 0.031 | 0.033 | 0.037 | 0.005 | 1.172 | 0.030 | 0.039 |
| Mg      | 0.041  | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.093 | 0.037  | 0.039 | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.196 | 0.037 | 0.039 |

|         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Mn      | 0.037 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.041 | 0.039 | 0.001 | 1.134 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.002 | 1.176 | 0.040 | 0.036 |
| Na      | 0.042 | 0.041 | 0.041 | 0.040 | 0.041 | 0.041 | 0.001 | 1.189 | 0.044 | 0.043 | 0.040 | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.041 | 0.003 | 1.298 | 0.036 | 0.036 |
| Ni      | 0.030 | 0.038 | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.047 | 0.038 | 0.006 | 1.110 | 0.044 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.039 | 0.039 | 0.003 | 1.228 | 0.042 | 0.036 |
| Pb      | 0.041 | 0.034 | 0.034 | 0.041 | 0.044 | 0.039 | 0.004 | 1.120 | 0.041 | 0.041 | 0.041 | 0.036 | 0.043 | 0.041 | 0.003 | 1.274 | 0.042 | 0.036 |
| Si      | 0.038 | 0.041 | 0.033 | 0.030 | 0.038 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.039 | 0.033 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.038 | 0.040 | 0.038 | 0.003 | 1.178 | 0.038 | 0.036 |
| Sr      | 0.040 | 0.045 | 0.042 | 0.039 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.004 | 1.164 | 0.040 | 0.047 | 0.036 | 0.044 | 0.049 | 0.043 | 0.005 | 1.354 | 0.043 | 0.036 |
| V       | 0.034 | 0.034 | 0.040 | 0.041 | 0.044 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.112 | 0.044 | 0.043 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.030 | 0.038 | 0.006 | 1.200 | 0.042 | 0.036 |
| W       | 0.030 | 0.044 | 0.033 | 0.038 | 0.029 | 0.035 | 0.006 | 1.010 | 0.043 | 0.038 | 0.033 | 0.033 | 0.035 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.142 | 0.048 | 0.036 |
| Zn      | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.043 | 0.040 | 0.039 | 0.040 | 0.002 | 1.161 | 0.037 | 0.037 | 0.027 | 0.027 | 0.031 | 0.032 | 0.005 | 1.000 | 0.037 | 0.036 |
| Mag     | 0.038 | 0.044 | 0.035 | 0.039 | 0.033 | 0.038 | 0.004 | 1.092 | 0.034 | 0.039 | 0.034 | 0.038 | 0.042 | 0.037 | 0.003 | 1.173 | 0.028 | 0.036 |
| Fault   | 0.039 | 0.033 | 0.043 | 0.045 | 0.045 | 0.041 | 0.005 | 1.182 | 0.035 | 0.032 | 0.044 | 0.044 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.005 | 1.202 | 0.034 | 0.036 |
| Geology | 0.036 | 0.033 | 0.041 | 0.032 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 1.040 | 0.041 | 0.034 | 0.043 | 0.046 | 0.037 | 0.040 | 0.005 | 1.258 | 0.041 | 0.036 |

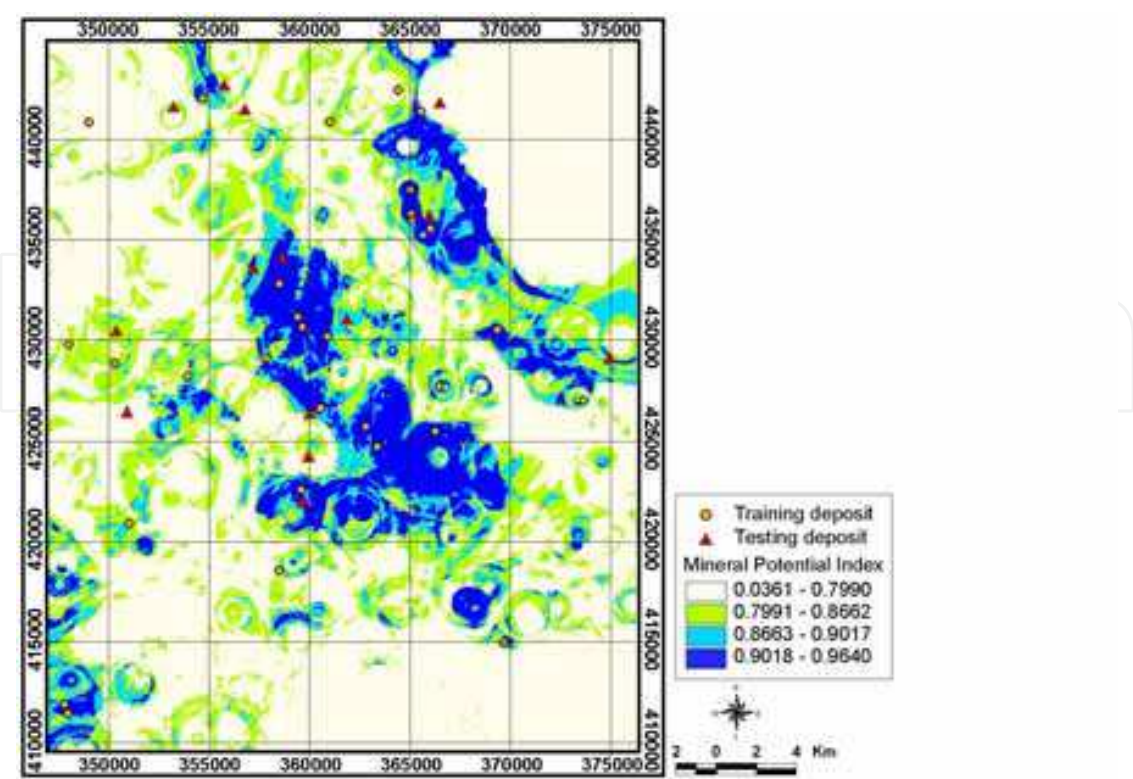
Mag.: Magnetic anomaly  
S.D.: Standard deviation  
N.V.: Normalized value divided by the minimum average weight

Table 3. Weight of artificial neural network in study area

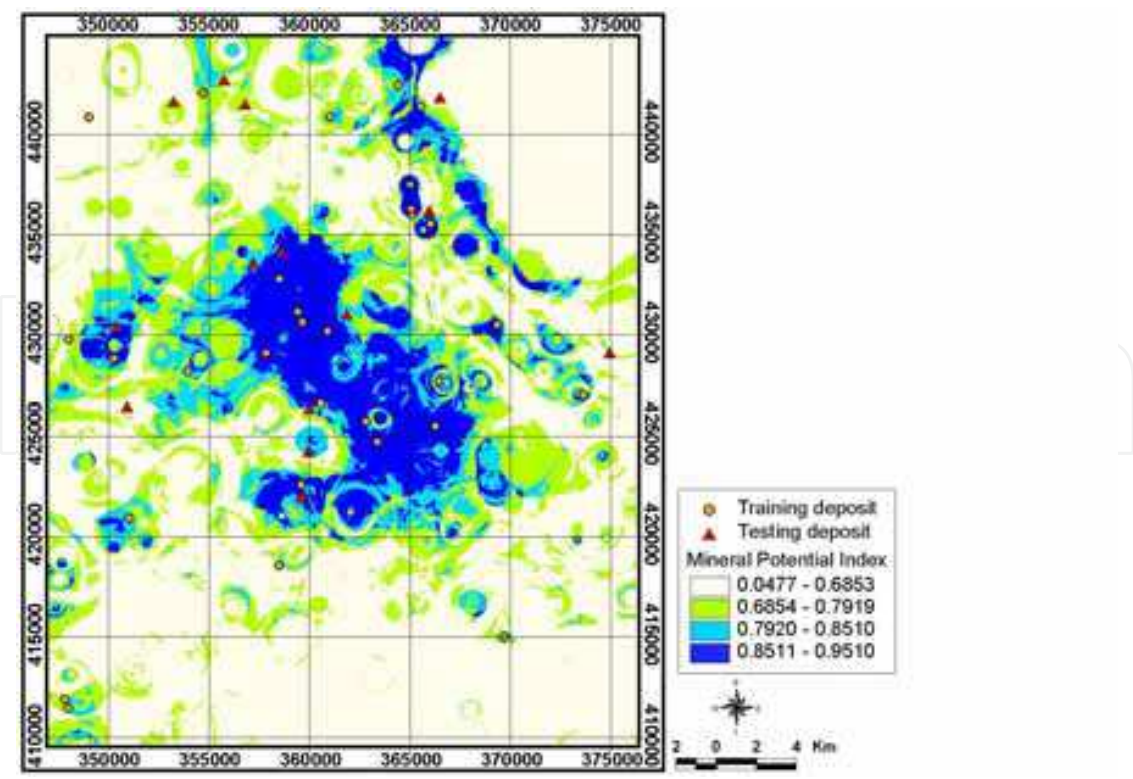
The back-propagation algorithm was then applied to calculate the weights between the input layer and the hidden layer, and between the hidden layer and the output layer, by modifying the number of hidden node and the learning rate. A three-layered feed-forward network was implemented using the MATLAB software package based on the framework provided by Hines (1997). Here, “feed-forward” denotes that the interconnections between the layers propagate forward to the next layer. The number of hidden layers and the number of nodes in a hidden layer required for a particular classification problem are not easy to deduce. In this study, a 26 x 52 x 2 structure was selected for the network, with input data normalized in the range 0.0-1.0. The nominal and interval class group data were converted to continuous values ranging between 0.0 and 1.0. Therefore, the continuous values were not ordinal data, but nominal data, and the numbers denote the classification of the input data. The learning rate was set to 0.01, and the initial weights were randomly selected to values between 0.1 and 0.3. The weights calculated from 5 test cases were compared to determine whether the variation in the final weights was dependent on the selection of the initial weights (Table 3).

The results show that the initial weights did not have an influence on the final weight under the conditions used. The back-propagation algorithm was used to minimize the error between the predicted output values and the calculated output values. The algorithm propagated the error backwards, and iteratively adjusted the weights. The number of epochs was set to 5,000, and the root mean square error (RMSE) value used for the stopping criterion was set to 0.01. Most of the training data sets met the 0.01 RMSE goal. However, if the RMSE value was not achieved, then the maximum number of iterations was terminated at 5,000 epochs. When the latter case occurred, then the maximum RMSE value was <0.2.

The final weights between layers acquired during training of the neural network and the contribution or importance of each of the 26 factors used to predict mineral deposit potential are shown in Table 3. The results were not the same, as the initial weights were assigned random values. Therefore, in this study, the calculations were repeated 5 times, to allow the results to achieve similar values. For easy interpretation, the average values were calculated, and these values were divided by the average of the weights of the some factor that had a minimum value. For Case 1, the geology value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the Ni was the maximum value, 1.294. For Case 2, the Cd value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the Ni was the maximum value, 1.270. For Case 3, the K value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the Cl- was the maximum value, 1.254. For Case 4, the Fe value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the W was the maximum value, 1.335. For Case 5, the geology value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the Ni was the maximum value, 1.212. For Case 6, the Pb value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the F- was the maximum value, 1.197. For Case 7, the Ba value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the As was the maximum value, 1.192. For Case 8, the Zn value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the As was the maximum value, 1.413. For Case 9, the magnetic value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the Pb was the maximum value, 1.317. The standard deviations of the results for all cases were in the range 0.001–0.008, and therefore, the random sampling did not have a large effect on the results. As the result, the As value was the minimum value, 1.00, and the Si was the maximum value, 1.1829. Finally, the weights were applied to the entire study area, and the mineral deposit potential maps were created for each training cases (Fig. 6).

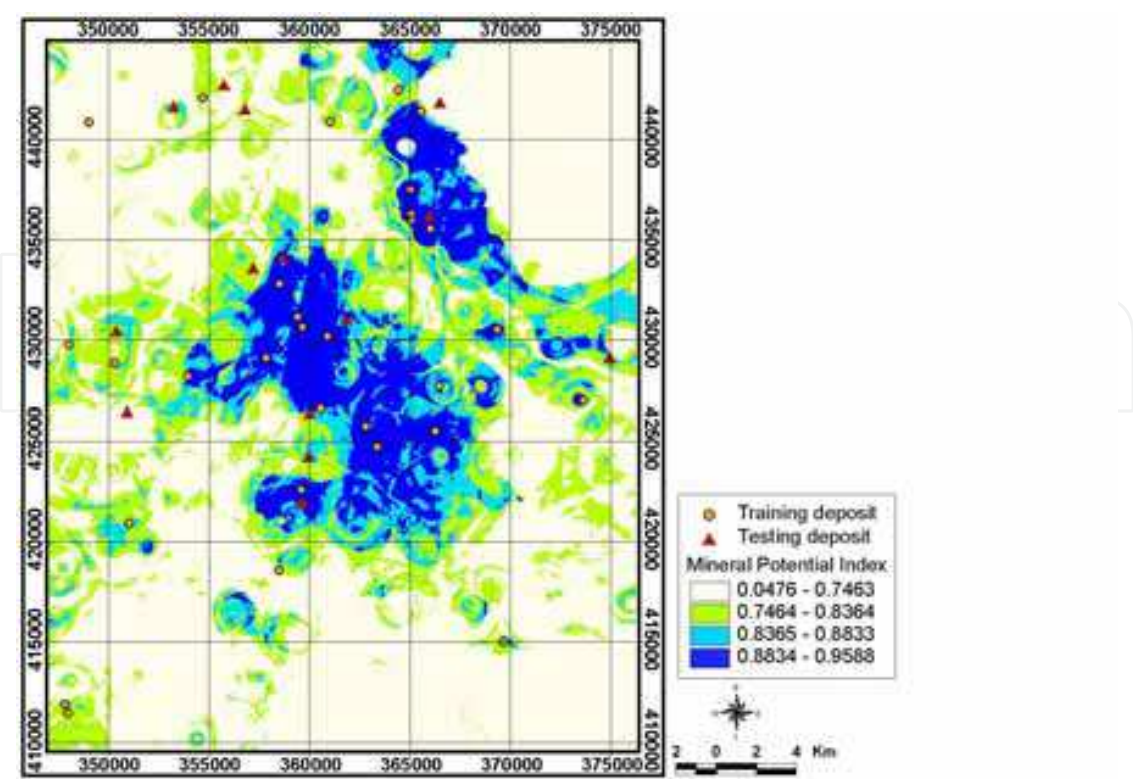


(a) Case 1

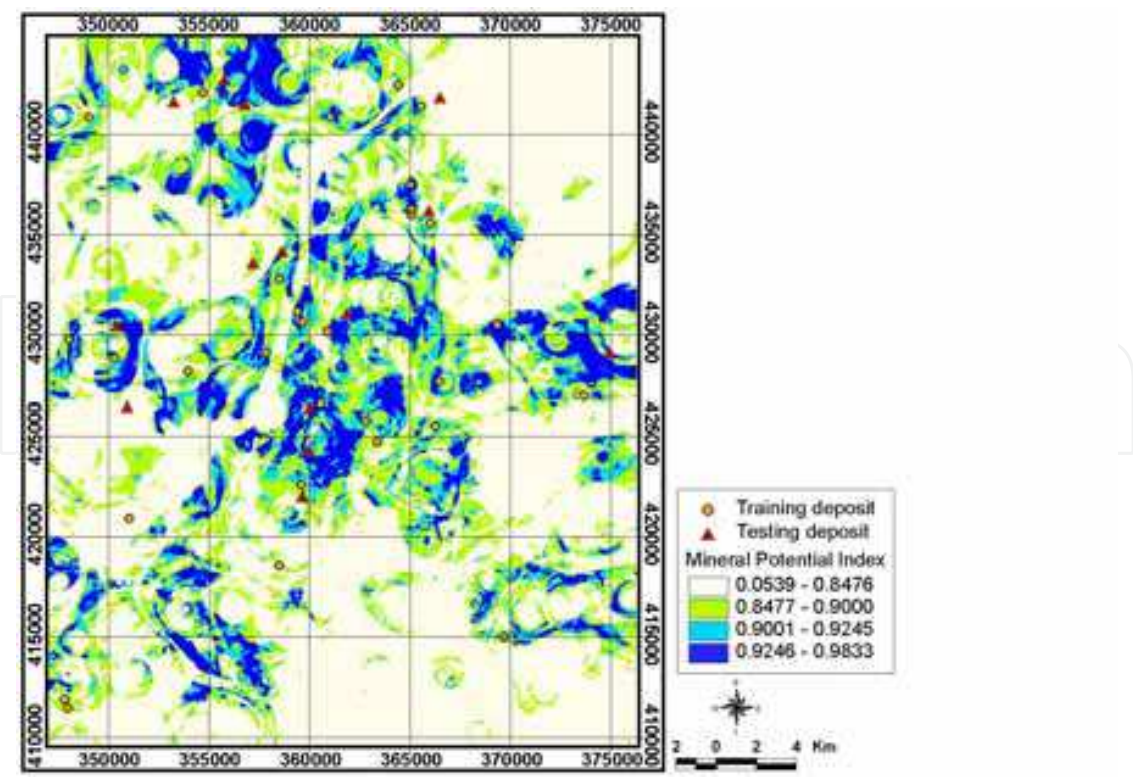


(b) Case 2

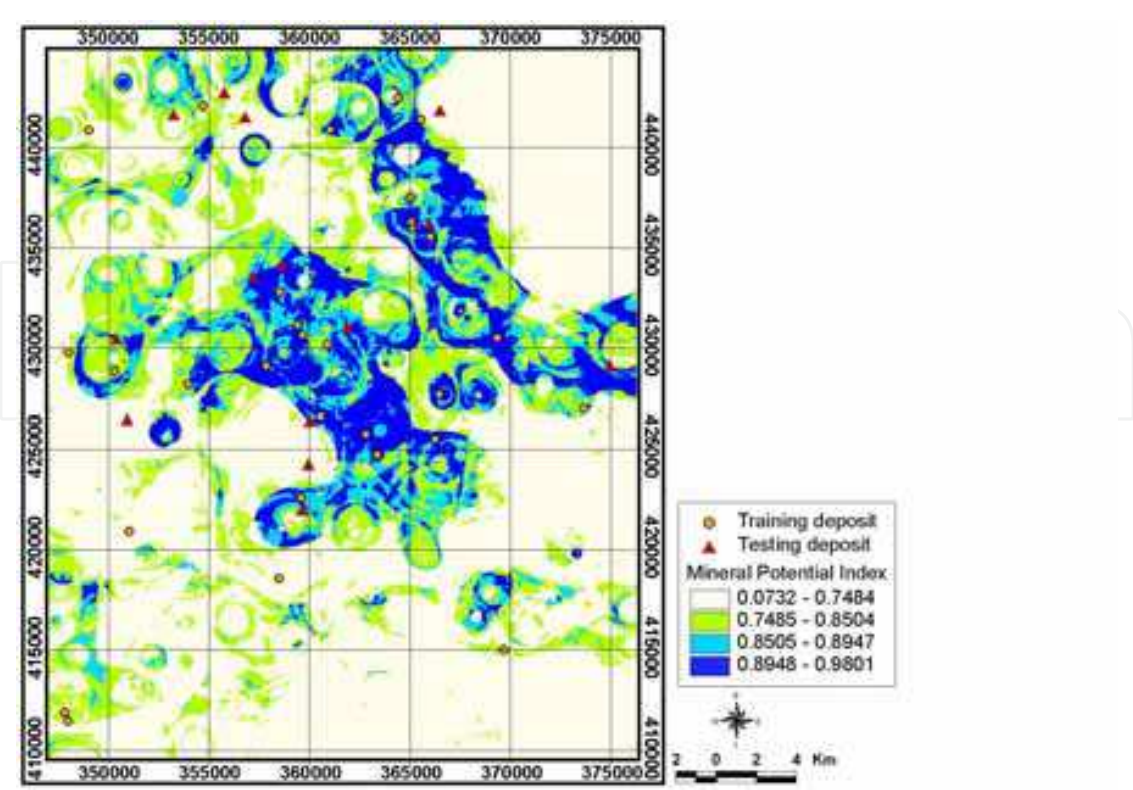




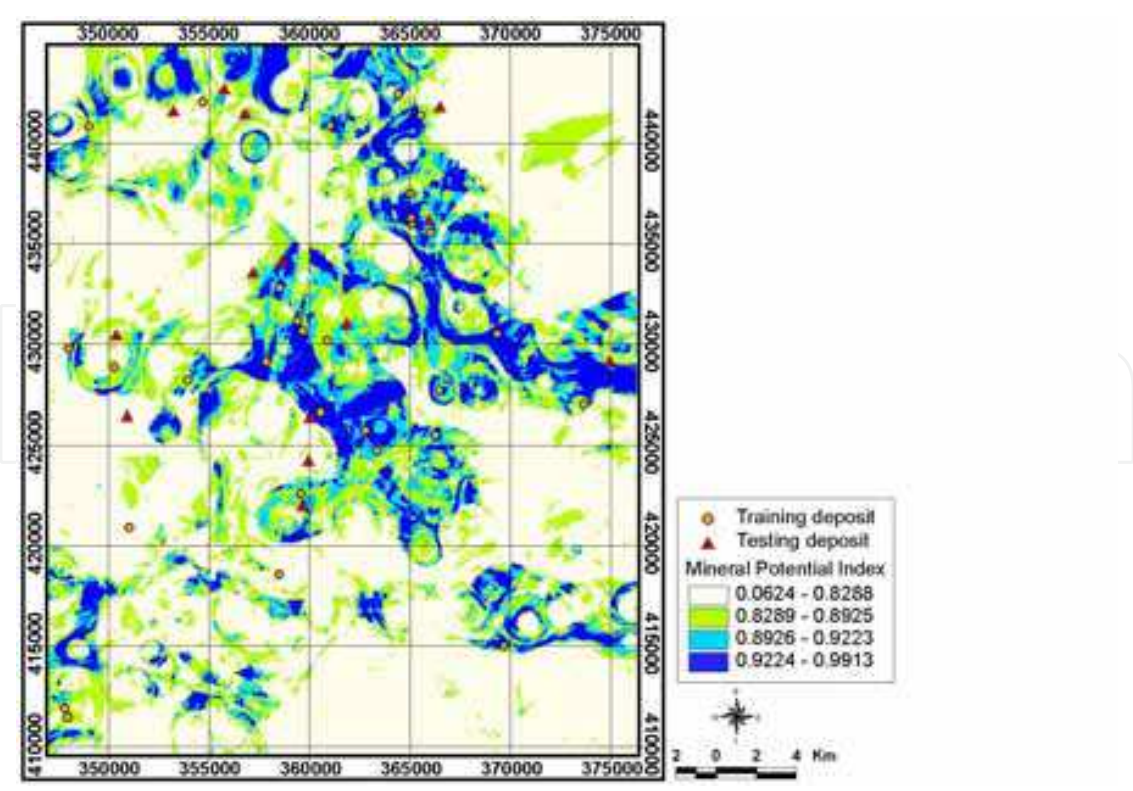
(c) Case 3



(d) Case 4

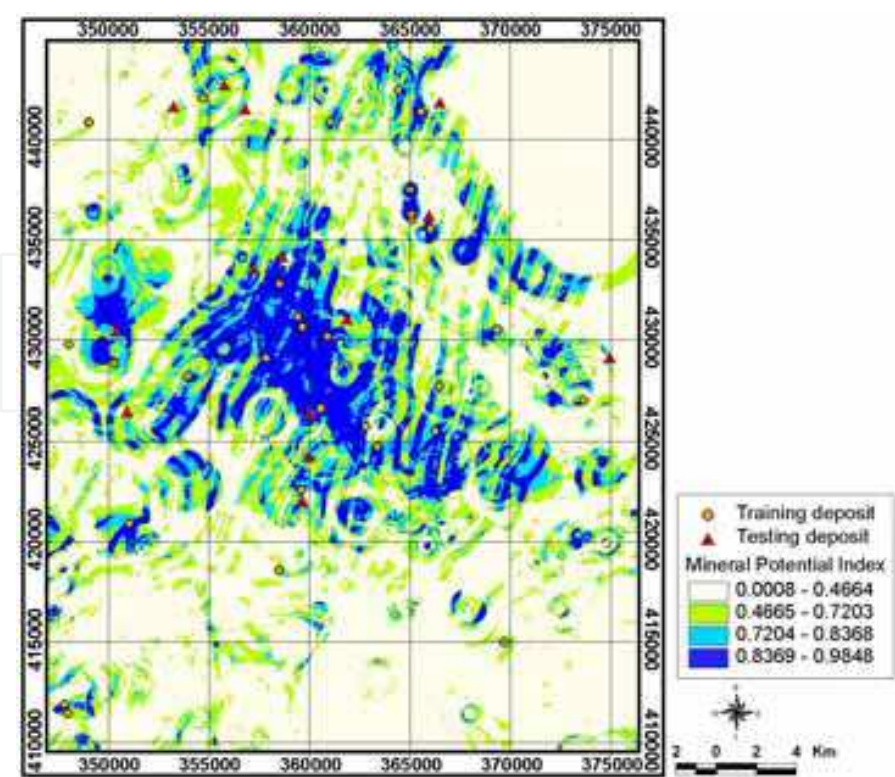


(e) Case 5

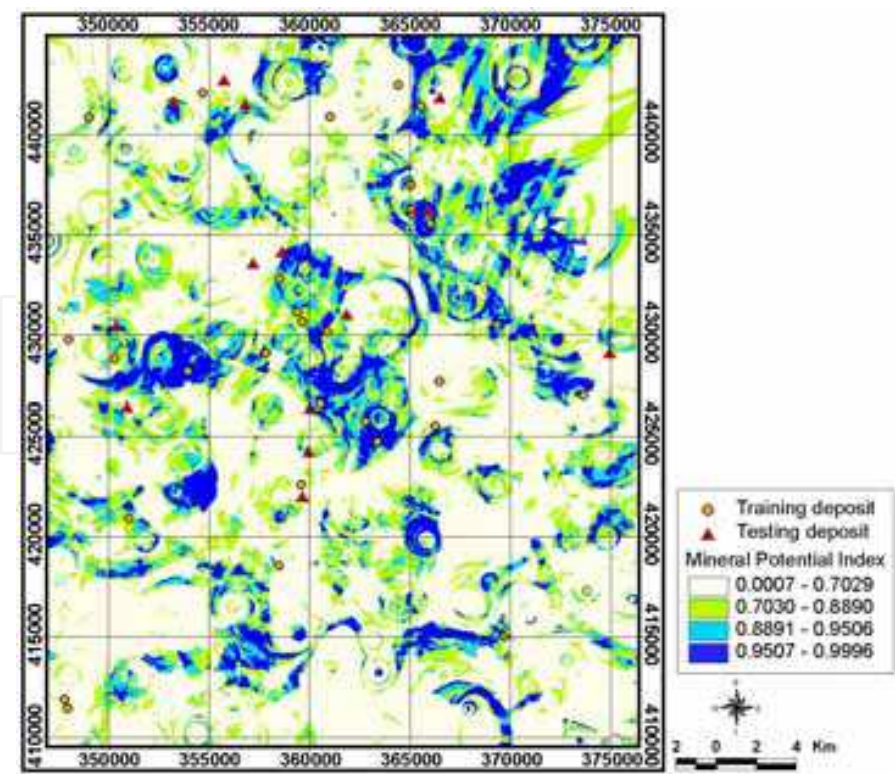


(f) Case 6

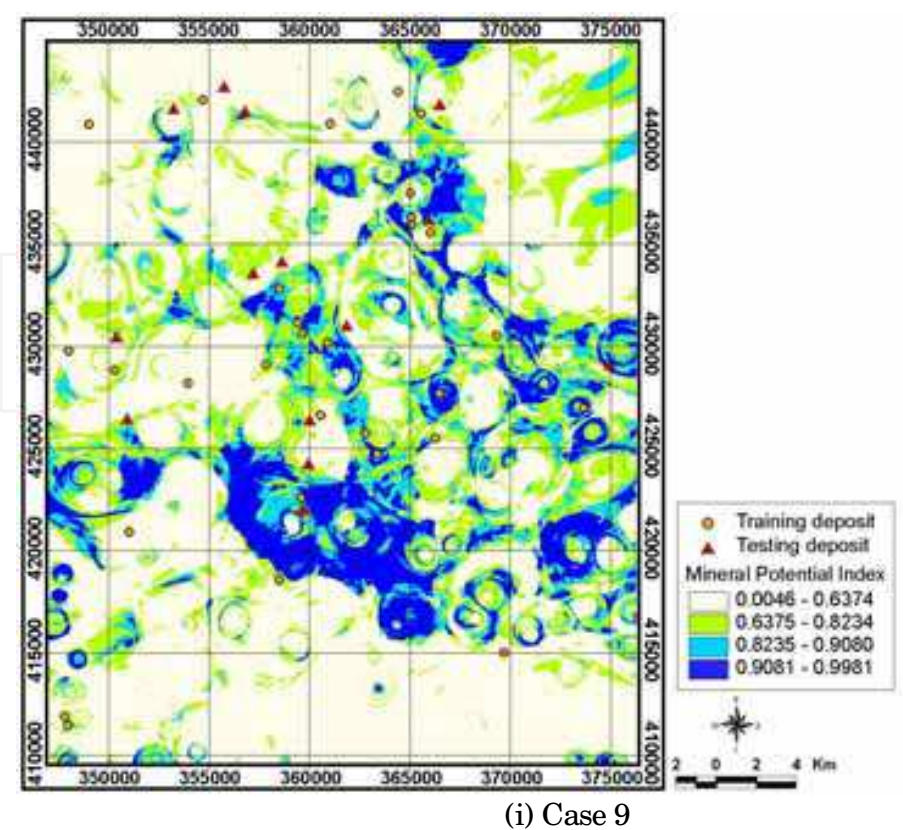




(g) Case 7



(h) Case 8



(i) Case 9

Fig. 6. Predictive gold-silver mineral potential map generated by reclassification of low 60% (ivory colour), medium 20% (green colour), high 10% (sky blue colour), and very high 10% (blue colour) based on mineral potential index; Case 1 (a), Case 2 (b), Case 3 (c), Case 4 (d) Case 5 (e), Case 6 (f), Case 7 (g), Case 8 (h) and Case 9 (i)

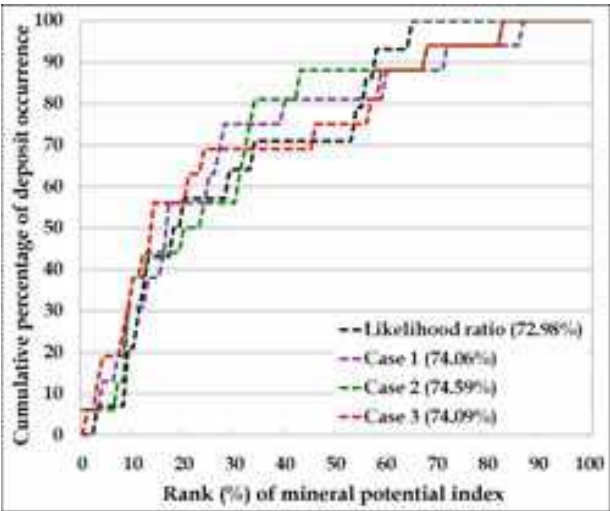
6. Validation

The mineral potential maps were validated by comparison with known mineral deposit locations (test set: 30% of total deposit) which were not used during the training of the artificial neural network model. For this, the success rate curves were calculated for quantitative prediction and area of under the curves was calculated. The rate shows how well the model and factors predict the mineral deposit occurrence. Thus, the area beneath the curve qualitatively assesses the prediction accuracy. To obtain the relative ranking for each prediction pattern, the calculated index values of all the pixels in the study area were sorted in descending order. The ordered pixel values were then divided into 100 classes with accumulated 1% intervals. The validation rate appears as a graph (Fig. 7).

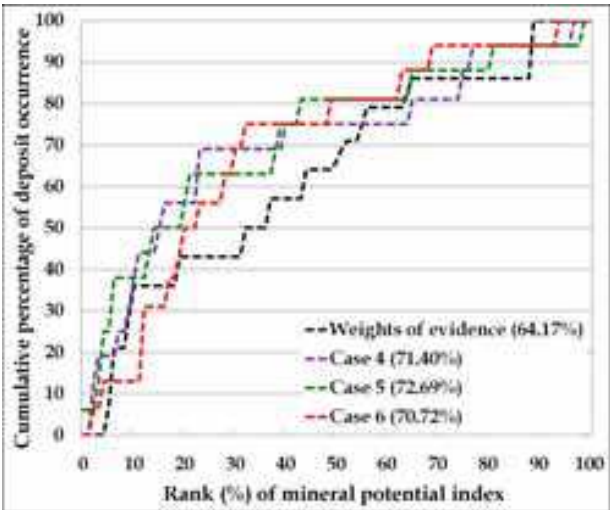
For Case 1, Case 2, Case 3, Case 4, Case 5, Case 6, Case 7, Case 8 and Case 9, the 80–100% class (20%) in which the mineral potential index had a high rank could explain 56%, 50%, 56%, 56%, 56%, 50%, 44%, 25% and 44% of all the mineral deposit occurrences, respectively. The graphs shown are the best prediction accuracy among the five running.

To compare the result quantitatively, the areas under the curve were re-calculated as if the total area were one, which indicates perfect prediction accuracy. The area beneath a curve can therefore be used to assess the prediction accuracy qualitatively. For Case 1, Case 2, Case 3, Case 4, Case 5, Case 6, Case 7, Case 8 and Case 9, the area ratio was 0.7406, 0.7459,

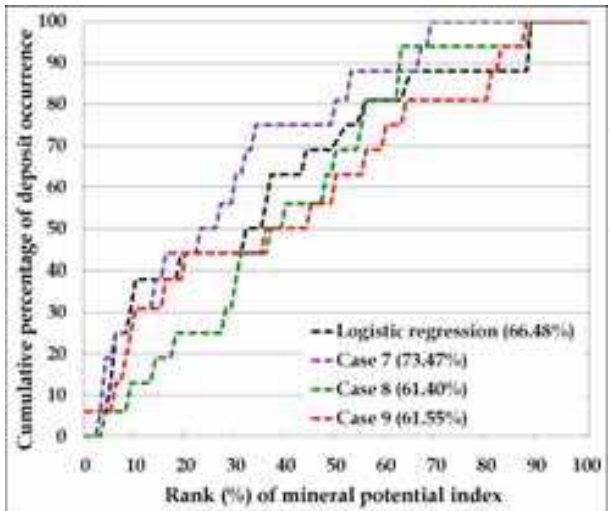




(a)



(b)



(c)

Fig. 7. Illustration of cumulative frequency diagram showing rank (%) of mineral potential index ( $x$ -axis) occurring in cumulative percent of mineral deposit occurrence ( $y$ -axis)

0.7409, 0.7140, 0.7269, 0.7072, 0.7347, 0.6140 and 0.6155 meaning a prediction accuracy of 74.06%, 74.59%, 74.09%, 71.40%, 72.69%, 70.72%, 73.47%, 61.40% and 61.55%.

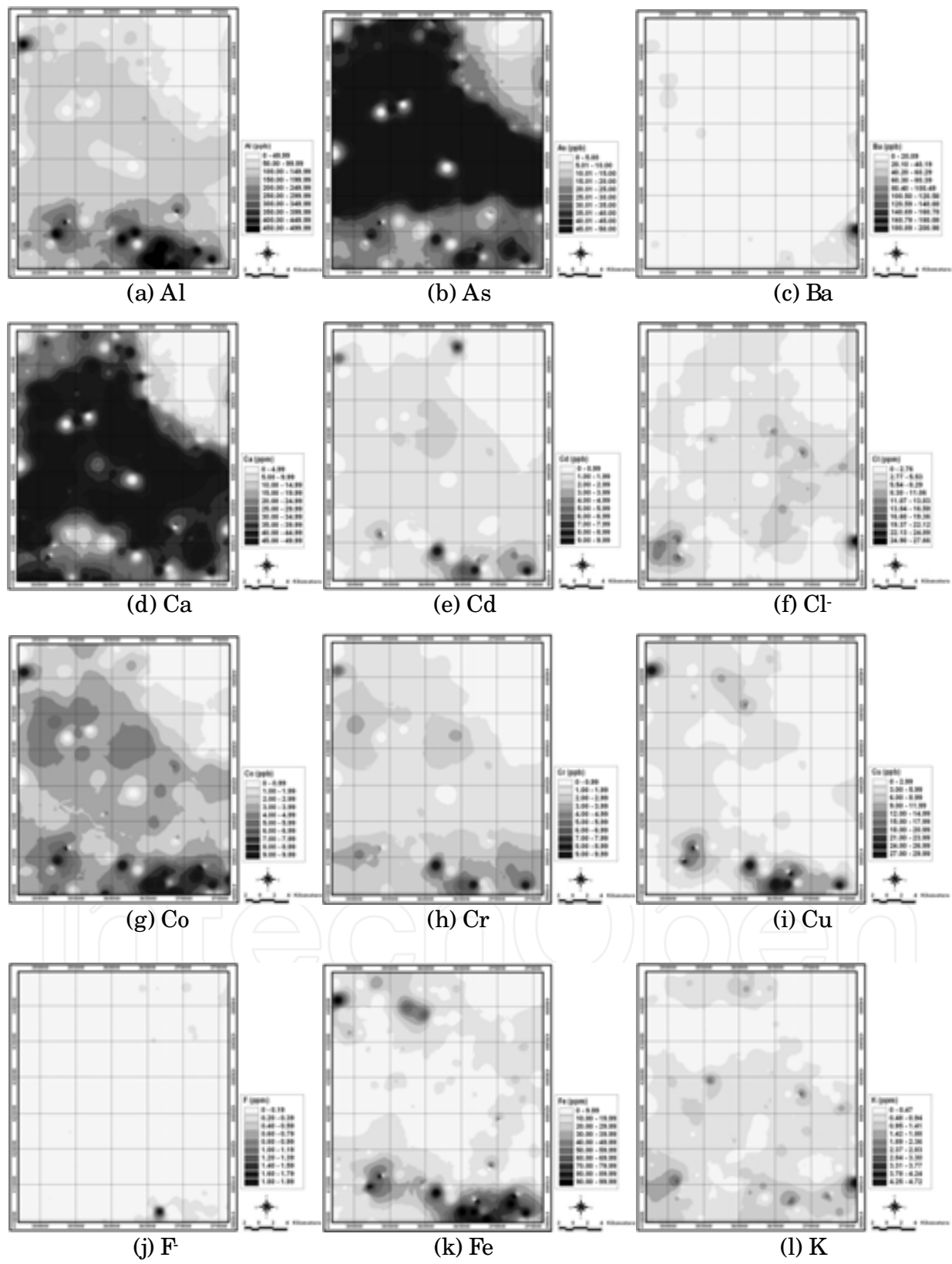
## 7. Conclusion

Training sites were extracted from mineral potential maps based on likelihood ratio, weights of evidence and logistic regression methods, which showed 72.98%, 64.71% and 66.48% prediction accuracy validated by the test set. In the study, the mineral potential map of gold-silver were made using the artificial neural network and nine cases of training sites, each of which consist of 32 locations randomly selected among known mineral occurrences in 5% and 10% of areas with the high mineral potential index values and 32 non-deposit locations randomly selected in 10% of areas with low mineral potential index. The validation result of Case 1, Case 2, Case 3, Case 4, Case 5, Case 6, Case 7, Case 8 and Case 9 showed, respectively, the 74.06%, 74.59%, 74.09%, 71.40%, 72.69%, 70.72%, 73.47%, 61.40% and 61.55% prediction accuracy using 14 test mineral deposits not used directly for the analysis. All training cases exhibited accuracies of over 70% but Cases 8 and 9, slightly higher or lower than likelihood ratio and very higher than weights of evidence and logistic regression models. Overall, training cases based on likelihood ratio model, gave higher accuracies than training cases based on weights of evidence and logistic regression models. This result shows that some of the testing deposits plotted in non-prone area to deposit occurrence (Figs. 5b and 5c), and the weights of evidence and logistic regression represented the low accuracy among the methods. However, the analysis result of some training sets shows more sensitive to training data by logistic regression than weights of evidence.

Some researches approached a degree of sensitivity by selecting non-deposit site training data in low-probability area of previously generated potential maps made using weights of evidence or/ and logistic regression (Porwal et al., 2003; Behnia, 2007; Nykanen & Salmirinne, 2007; Nykanen, 2008). Using larger training data reduces the variance of initial weight in the ANN and improves accuracy of the resulting potential map (Skabar, 2005; Nykanen, 2008). In the study, 32 deposit and non-deposit cells were represented equally in the training set, although, the network to training data was repeated five times to reduce sensitive to initial weights of factors related to gold-silver mineral.

The resulting map by ANN can be possible to show better prediction accuracy if training dataset are selected from MPM with more high accuracy than MPM by likelihood ratio in the study. A Geographic Information System (GIS), in concert with artificial neural network software was used to compile, manipulate, analyze and visualize a large geological, geochemical and geophysical dataset collected from the Taebaeksan mineralized district of Eastern Korea. The GIS is not only capable of routine display, but also offer great potential by providing a range of tools to query, manipulate, visualize and analyze geological, geochemical and geophysical data in mineral exploration applications. The artificial neural network that was applied to the logistic sigmoid transfer function proved useful for predicting and evaluating the mineral potential map produced in this study. The models are useful for providing a quantitative measure of the weights among the factors for gold-silver prospects. Furthermore, the maps generated by the models, not only predict known areas of gold-silver occurrence, but also identify areas of potential mineralization where no known deposit occurs. Several areas within the study area are identified as having high gold-silver potential. Many of these areas coincide with areas of known deposits.

8. Appendixes



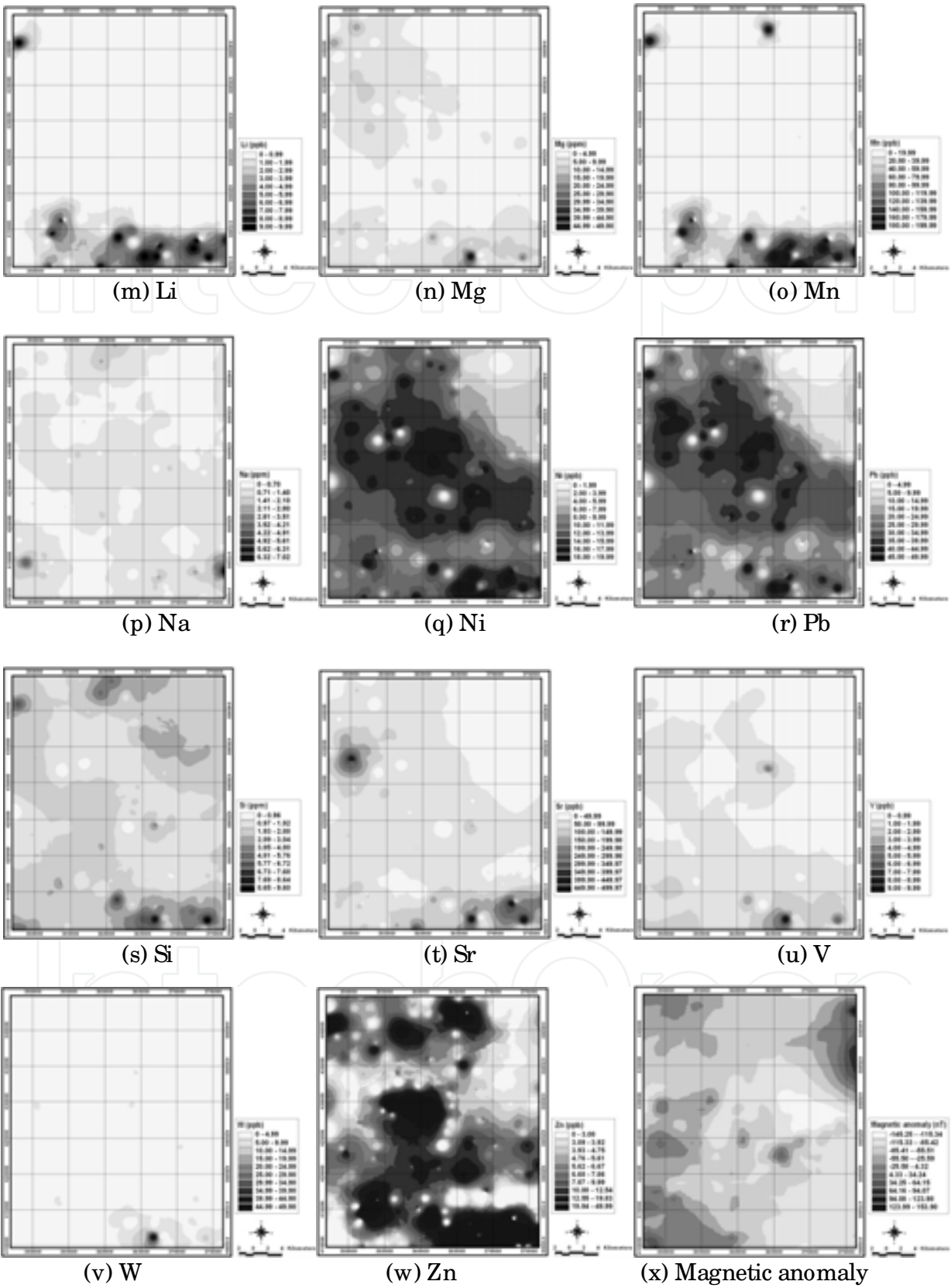


Fig. A1. Geochemical (Lee et al., 1998) and magnetic anomaly (Koo et al., 2001) maps

| Factor   | Likelihood ratio   |               |       |              |       |                 | Weights of evidence |       |       |         | Logistic regression      |
|----------|--------------------|---------------|-------|--------------|-------|-----------------|---------------------|-------|-------|---------|--------------------------|
|          | Class <sup>a</sup> | No. of pixels | %Area | Mineral occ. | %occ. | LS <sup>b</sup> | W+                  | W-    | C     | C/ S(c) | Coefficient <sup>c</sup> |
| Al (ppb) | 26.00-44.15        | 116666        | 10.00 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | -0.12   | 0.00806                  |
|          | 44.16-84.54        | 116651        | 10.00 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | -0.12   |                          |
|          | 84.55-103.39       | 116737        | 10.01 | 4            | 12.50 | 1.25            | 0.22                | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.47    |                          |
|          | 103.40-112.87      | 116716        | 10.01 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.62            | -0.47               | 0.04  | -0.51 | -0.70   |                          |
|          | 112.88-119.29      | 116695        | 10.00 | 7            | 21.88 | 2.19            | 0.78                | -0.14 | 0.92  | 2.16    |                          |
|          | 119.30-124.97      | 116601        | 10.00 | 7            | 21.88 | 2.19            | 0.78                | -0.14 | 0.92  | 2.16    |                          |
|          | 124.98-133.04      | 116613        | 10.00 | 1            | 3.13  | 0.31            | -1.16               | 0.07  | -1.24 | -1.22   |                          |
|          | 133.05-164.69      | 116594        | 10.00 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | -0.12   |                          |
|          | 164.70-231.11      | 116586        | 10.00 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.63            | -0.47               | 0.04  | -0.51 | -0.70   |                          |
|          | 231.12-499.99      | 116579        | 9.99  | 0            | 0.00  | 0.00            | NaN                 | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN     |                          |
| As (ppm) | 1.01-14.58         | 116689        | 10.00 | 0            | 0.00  | 0.00            | NaN                 | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN     | 0.03186                  |
|          | 14.59-21.78        | 116779        | 10.01 | 8            | 25.00 | 2.50            | 0.92                | -0.18 | 1.10  | 2.69    |                          |
|          | 21.79-27.56        | 116734        | 10.01 | 0            | 0.00  | 0.00            | NaN                 | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN     |                          |
|          | 27.57-35.09        | 116702        | 10.00 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.07               | 0.01  | -0.07 | -0.12   |                          |
|          | 35.10-43.43        | 116782        | 10.01 | 1            | 3.13  | 0.31            | -1.16               | 0.07  | -1.24 | -1.22   |                          |
|          | 43.44-47.59        | 116901        | 10.02 | 4            | 12.50 | 1.25            | 0.22                | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.47    |                          |
|          | 47.60-49.47        | 116516        | 9.99  | 0            | 0.00  | 0.00            | NaN                 | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN     |                          |
|          | 49.48-49.99        | 65606         | 5.62  | 3            | 9.38  | 1.67            | 0.51                | -0.04 | 0.55  | 0.91    |                          |
| Ba (ppb) | 50.00              | 283729        | 24.32 | 13           | 40.63 | 1.67            | 0.51                | -0.24 | 0.76  | 2.10    | 0.04983                  |
|          | 2.00-3.99          | 117477        | 10.07 | 0            | 0.00  | 0.00            | NaN                 | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN     |                          |
|          | 4.00-5.96          | 116734        | 10.01 | 8            | 25.00 | 2.50            | 0.92                | -0.18 | 1.10  | 0.41    |                          |
|          | 5.97-7.04          | 117258        | 10.05 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.62            | -0.48               | 0.04  | -0.52 | 0.73    |                          |
|          | 7.05-7.86          | 116532        | 9.99  | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    |                          |
|          | 7.87-8.55          | 116787        | 10.01 | 5            | 15.63 | 1.56            | 0.45                | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49    |                          |
|          | 8.56-9.61          | 116822        | 10.02 | 4            | 12.50 | 1.25            | 0.22                | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53    |                          |
|          | 9.62 -10.87        | 116583        | 9.99  | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    |                          |
|          | 10.88-13.28        | 116120        | 9.96  | 1            | 3.13  | 0.31            | -1.16               | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02    |                          |
|          | 13.29-17.38        | 116242        | 9.97  | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    |                          |
|          | 17.39-200.97       | 115883        | 9.93  | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.06 | 0.61    |                          |
| Ca (ppm) | 1.53-6.24          | 116712        | 10.01 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.62            | -0.47               | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73    | -0.00001                 |
|          | 6.25-18.99         | 116637        | 10.00 | 5            | 15.63 | 1.56            | 0.45                | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49    |                          |
|          | 19.00-28.24        | 116714        | 10.01 | 1            | 3.13  | 0.31            | -1.16               | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02    |                          |
|          | 28.25-35.41        | 116742        | 10.01 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.07               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    |                          |
|          | 35.42-40.44        | 116662        | 10.00 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.62            | -0.47               | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73    |                          |
|          | 40.45-43.42        | 116679        | 10.00 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.62            | -0.47               | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73    |                          |
|          | 43.43-46.01        | 116621        | 10.00 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    |                          |
|          | 46.02-48.04        | 117223        | 10.05 | 4            | 12.50 | 1.24            | 0.22                | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53    |                          |
|          | 48.05-49.16        | 116647        | 10.00 | 5            | 15.63 | 1.56            | 0.45                | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49    |                          |
|          | 49.17-50.00        | 115801        | 9.93  | 5            | 15.63 | 1.57            | 0.45                | -0.07 | 0.52  | 0.49    |                          |
| Cd (ppm) | 1.0000-1.1008      | 116740        | 10.01 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.07               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    | -0.12562                 |
|          | 1.1009-1.2239      | 116647        | 10.00 | 3            | 9.38  | 0.94            | -0.06               | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61    |                          |
|          | 1.2240-1.3473      | 116690        | 10.00 | 2            | 6.25  | 0.62            | -0.47               | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73    |                          |



|              |                |        |       |   |       |      |       |       |       |      |          |
|--------------|----------------|--------|-------|---|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------|
|              | 1.3474-1.4928  | 116699 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|              | 1.4929-1.6538  | 116626 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|              | 1.6539-1.8480  | 116640 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|              | 1.8481-1.9829  | 116621 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 1.9830-2.2506  | 116610 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|              | 2.2507-3.2164  | 116585 | 9.99  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|              | 3.2165-9.9992  | 116580 | 9.99  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
| Cl-<br>(ppm) | 1.0106-2.2074  | 116644 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 | 0.00005  |
|              | 2.2075-2.4546  | 116681 | 10.00 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
|              | 2.4547-2.7386  | 116654 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|              | 2.7387-2.9874  | 116642 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|              | 2.9875-3.2353  | 116647 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|              | 3.2354-3.4804  | 116642 | 10.00 | 7 | 21.88 | 2.19 | 0.78  | -0.14 | 0.92  | 0.43 |          |
|              | 3.4805-3.8803  | 116637 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|              | 3.8804-4.7479  | 116635 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|              | 4.7480-5.9843  | 116628 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 5.9844-27.6669 | 116628 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
| Co<br>(ppb)  | 1.0000-1.5665  | 116648 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 | -0.51670 |
|              | 1.5666-2.5807  | 116657 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|              | 2.5808-1.9789  | 116722 | 10.01 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|              | 1.9790-3.1012  | 116636 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|              | 3.1013-3.3506  | 116651 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|              | 3.3507-3.6660  | 116656 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 3.6661-3.9952  | 116621 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|              | 3.9953-4.4250  | 116620 | 10.00 | 7 | 21.88 | 2.19 | 0.78  | -0.14 | 0.92  | 0.43 |          |
|              | 4.4251-5.0758  | 116620 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 5.0759-9.9999  | 116607 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
| Cr<br>(ppb)  | 1.0000-1.1958  | 116649 | 10.00 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 | -0.01601 |
|              | 1.1959-1.3244  | 116645 | 10.00 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
|              | 1.3245-1.4319  | 116772 | 10.01 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 1.4320-1.5656  | 116663 | 10.00 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|              | 1.5657-1.8305  | 116650 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|              | 1.8306-2.0343  | 116653 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|              | 2.0344-2.3185  | 116625 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|              | 2.3186-2.7629  | 116602 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|              | 2.7630-3.2865  | 116601 | 10.00 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.88 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|              | 3.2866-9.9987  | 116578 | 9.99  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
| Cu<br>(ppb)  | 1.000-2.034    | 116889 | 10.02 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.17 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 | -0.50809 |
|              | 2.035-2.450    | 116787 | 10.01 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|              | 2.451-2.744    | 116603 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|              | 2.745-2.994    | 117174 | 10.05 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.62  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|              | 2.995-3.262    | 116784 | 10.01 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|              | 3.263-3.669    | 116566 | 9.99  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 3.670-3.977    | 116422 | 9.98  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|              | 3.978-4.710    | 116412 | 9.98  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|              | 4.711-7.695    | 116407 | 9.98  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
|              | 7.696-2.9999   | 116394 | 9.98  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |

|                         |               |        |       |    |       |      |       |       |       |      |          |
|-------------------------|---------------|--------|-------|----|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------|
| F <sup>-</sup><br>(ppm) | 0.03-0.14     | 117101 | 10.04 | 6  | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.62  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 | -0.01003 |
|                         | 0.15-0.15     | 116775 | 10.01 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 0.16-0.16     | 117073 | 10.04 | 3  | 9.38  | 0.93 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.08 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 0.17-0.17     | 117348 | 10.06 | 3  | 9.38  | 0.93 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.08 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 0.18-0.18     | 117148 | 10.04 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.52 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 0.19-0.20     | 116558 | 9.99  | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 0.21-0.22     | 116117 | 9.95  | 4  | 12.50 | 1.26 | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.26  | 0.53 |          |
|                         | 0.23-0.24     | 116151 | 9.96  | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 0.25-0.28     | 116321 | 9.97  | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 0.29-1.99     | 115846 | 9.93  | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
| Fe<br>(ppm)             | 2.00-6.77     | 117031 | 10.03 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 | 0.00002  |
|                         | 6.78-7.86     | 116771 | 10.01 | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 7.87-8.88     | 116611 | 10.00 | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 8.89-9.91     | 117384 | 10.06 | 4  | 12.50 | 1.24 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.24  | 0.53 |          |
|                         | 9.92-11.12    | 116592 | 10.00 | 6  | 18.75 | 1.88 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|                         | 11.13-12.99   | 116876 | 10.02 | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.17 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|                         | 13.00-15.76   | 116535 | 9.99  | 2  | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 15.77-21.24   | 116233 | 9.96  | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 21.25-35.77   | 116234 | 9.96  | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 35.78-99.99   | 116171 | 9.96  | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
| K<br>(ppm)              | 0.1201-0.3403 | 116712 | 10.01 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 | -0.00053 |
|                         | 0.3404-0.4005 | 116798 | 10.01 | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|                         | 0.4006-0.4634 | 116644 | 10.00 | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 0.4635-0.5461 | 116707 | 10.01 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 0.5462-0.6365 | 116600 | 10.00 | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 0.6366-0.7389 | 116663 | 10.00 | 4  | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|                         | 0.7390-0.8133 | 116604 | 10.00 | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 0.8134-0.9078 | 116604 | 10.00 | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 0.9079-1.0807 | 116575 | 9.99  | 2  | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 10.808-4.7295 | 116531 | 9.99  | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
| Li<br>(ppb)             | 1.0000-1.0041 | 116661 | 10.00 | 6  | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 | -0.22232 |
|                         | 1.0042-1.1144 | 116662 | 10.00 | 10 | 31.25 | 3.12 | 1.14  | -0.27 | 1.41  | 0.38 |          |
|                         | 1.1145-1.2670 | 116704 | 10.01 | 4  | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|                         | 1.2671-1.4984 | 116661 | 10.00 | 0  | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
|                         | 1.4985-1.9352 | 116631 | 10.00 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 1.9353-2.6544 | 116633 | 10.00 | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 2.6545-3.5996 | 116624 | 10.00 | 3  | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 3.5997-4.7935 | 116622 | 10.00 | 2  | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|                         | 4.7936-6.6524 | 116623 | 10.00 | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|                         | 6.6525-9.9999 | 116617 | 10.00 | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
| Mg<br>(ppm)             | 0.36-1.12     | 116873 | 10.02 | 0  | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  | -0.00001 |
|                         | 1.13-2.50     | 117756 | 10.10 | 8  | 25.00 | 2.48 | 0.91  | -0.18 | 1.09  | 0.41 |          |
|                         | 2.51-3.04     | 118493 | 10.16 | 4  | 12.50 | 1.23 | 0.21  | -0.03 | 0.23  | 0.53 |          |
|                         | 3.05-3.64     | 117481 | 10.07 | 3  | 9.38  | 0.93 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.08 | 0.61 |          |
|                         | 3.65-4.41     | 116189 | 9.96  | 1  | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
|                         | 4.42-5.26     | 116652 | 10.00 | 5  | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|                         | 5.27-6.18     | 116279 | 9.97  | 4  | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |

|             |                 |        |       |   |       |      |       |       |       |      |          |
|-------------|-----------------|--------|-------|---|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------|
|             | 6.19-7.30       | 115792 | 9.93  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.57 | 0.45  | -0.07 | 0.52  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 7.31-9.32       | 115912 | 9.94  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 9.33-49.99      | 115011 | 9.86  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.32 | -1.15 | 0.07  | -1.22 | 1.02 |          |
| Mn<br>(ppb) | 1.00-1.26       | 118658 | 10.17 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.23 | 0.21  | -0.03 | 0.23  | 0.53 | 0.02688  |
|             | 1.27-1.60       | 117500 | 10.07 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.48 | 0.04  | -0.52 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 1.61-1.90       | 117854 | 10.10 | 7 | 21.88 | 2.17 | 0.77  | -0.14 | 0.91  | 0.43 |          |
|             | 1.91-2.38       | 118036 | 10.12 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.24 | 0.21  | -0.03 | 0.24  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 2.39-3.54       | 115883 | 9.93  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.46 | 0.04  | -0.50 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 3.55-6.19       | 115970 | 9.94  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.57 | 0.45  | -0.07 | 0.52  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 6.20-11.26      | 115651 | 9.91  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.32 | -1.15 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 11.27-25.24     | 115647 | 9.91  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.46 | 0.04  | -0.50 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 25.25-67.60     | 115630 | 9.91  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.26 | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.26  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 67.61-199.99    | 115609 | 9.91  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.32 | -1.15 | 0.07  | -1.23 | 1.02 |          |
| Na<br>(ppm) | 0.2200-0.5790   | 116685 | 10.00 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  | -0.00046 |
|             | 0.5791-0.6504   | 116721 | 10.01 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 0.6505-0.6959   | 116839 | 10.02 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 0.6960-0.7287   | 116664 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 0.7288-0.7844   | 116629 | 10.00 | 8 | 25.00 | 2.50 | 0.92  | -0.18 | 1.10  | 0.41 |          |
|             | 0.7845-0.8366   | 116622 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 0.8367-0.8943   | 116676 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 0.8944-0.9611   | 116614 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 0.9612-1.1210   | 116524 | 9.99  | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 1.1211-4.1488   | 116464 | 9.98  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
| Ni<br>(ppb) | 1.0001-5.3709   | 116644 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 | -0.63794 |
|             | 5.3710-8.8292   | 116646 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 8.8293-10.4420  | 116644 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 10.4421-11.6711 | 116651 | 10.00 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|             | 11.6712-12.7538 | 116655 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 12.7539-13.9820 | 116648 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 13.9821-14.9556 | 116644 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 14.9557-15.9219 | 116646 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 15.9220-16.7251 | 116633 | 10.00 | 7 | 21.88 | 2.19 | 0.78  | -0.14 | 0.92  | 0.43 |          |
|             | 16.7252-19.9999 | 116627 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
| Pb<br>(ppb) | 1.00-8.76       | 116772 | 10.01 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 | 0.27793  |
|             | 8.77-17.68      | 116678 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 17.69-21.65     | 116889 | 10.02 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
|             | 21.66-24.56     | 117006 | 10.03 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 24.57-27.30     | 116743 | 10.01 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 27.31-30.38     | 116786 | 10.01 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 30.39-33.10     | 116634 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 33.11-36.51     | 116709 | 10.01 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 36.52-39.37     | 116345 | 9.97  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.57 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 39.38-49.99     | 115876 | 9.93  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.57 | 0.45  | -0.07 | 0.52  | 0.49 |          |
| Si<br>(ppm) | 10.801-16.979   | 116655 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 | 0.00165  |
|             | 16.980-18.317   | 116728 | 10.01 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
|             | 18.318-19.271   | 116675 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 19.272-20.521   | 116693 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |

|             |               |        |       |   |       |      |       |       |       |      |          |
|-------------|---------------|--------|-------|---|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------|
|             | 20.522-21.914 | 116619 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 21.915-23.443 | 116686 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 23.444-25.021 | 116607 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 25.022-27.559 | 116627 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 27.560-31.012 | 116583 | 9.99  | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 31.013-96.079 | 116565 | 9.99  | 6 | 18.75 | 1.88 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
| Sr<br>(ppb) | 8.00-20.48    | 116702 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 | -0.01602 |
|             | 20.49-42.65   | 116644 | 10.00 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.87 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|             | 42.66-57.42   | 116749 | 10.01 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 57.43-66.48   | 116649 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 66.49-71.81   | 116821 | 10.02 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 71.82-76.94   | 116630 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 76.95-84.38   | 116686 | 10.00 | 7 | 21.88 | 2.19 | 0.78  | -0.14 | 0.92  | 0.43 |          |
|             | 84.39-96.47   | 116540 | 9.99  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 96.48-134.78  | 116509 | 9.99  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 134.79-499.92 | 116508 | 9.99  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
| V<br>(ppb)  | 10.000-10.001 | 116806 | 10.01 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 | 0.53038  |
|             | 10.002-10.320 | 116672 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 10.321-10.744 | 116623 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 10.745-11.616 | 116648 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 11.617-12.435 | 116656 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 12.436-14.190 | 116633 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 14.191-15.335 | 116625 | 10.00 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 15.336-17.900 | 116593 | 10.00 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 17.901-20.623 | 116598 | 10.00 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 20.624-99.985 | 116584 | 9.99  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
| W<br>(ppb)  | 1.000-2.152   | 116858 | 10.02 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.16 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 | -0.10819 |
|             | 2.153-2.458   | 116646 | 10.00 | 2 | 6.25  | 0.62 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 2.459-2.683   | 116776 | 10.01 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 2.684-2.988   | 116706 | 10.01 | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 2.989-3.363   | 116762 | 10.01 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
|             | 3.364-4.015   | 116577 | 9.99  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.56 | 0.45  | -0.06 | 0.51  | 0.49 |          |
|             | 4.016-4.478   | 116788 | 10.01 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 4.479-4.946   | 116606 | 10.00 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.88 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.73  | 0.45 |          |
|             | 4.947-6.530   | 116366 | 9.98  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.25 | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 6.531-49.994  | 116353 | 9.98  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN  |          |
| Zn<br>(ppb) | 1.00-3.28     | 117143 | 10.04 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.24 | 0.22  | -0.03 | 0.25  | 0.53 | 0.06175  |
|             | 3.29-4.34     | 117519 | 10.08 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.93 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.08 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 4.35-5.21     | 117200 | 10.05 | 1 | 3.13  | 0.31 | -1.17 | 0.07  | -1.24 | 1.02 |          |
|             | 5.22-6.13     | 116683 | 10.00 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 6.14-7.22     | 116931 | 10.02 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.07 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 7.23-8.81     | 116420 | 9.98  | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 8.82-11.02    | 116562 | 9.99  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63 | -0.47 | 0.04  | -0.51 | 0.73 |          |
|             | 11.03-13.62   | 116052 | 9.95  | 3 | 9.38  | 0.94 | -0.06 | 0.01  | -0.07 | 0.61 |          |
|             | 13.63-21.96   | 115998 | 9.94  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.26 | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.26  | 0.53 |          |
|             | 21.97-49.99   | 115930 | 9.94  | 6 | 18.75 | 1.89 | 0.63  | -0.10 | 0.74  | 0.45 |          |

|                         |           |        |       |   |       |       |       |       |       |       |          |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------|-------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|
| Magnetic anomaly (nT)   | -145--101 | 128137 | 10.99 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.85  | -0.16 | 0.02  | -0.18 | 0.61  | -0.00657 |
|                         | -100--92  | 121586 | 10.42 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.20  | 0.18  | -0.02 | 0.21  | 0.53  |          |
|                         | -91--83   | 118890 | 10.19 | 6 | 18.75 | 1.84  | 0.61  | -0.10 | 0.71  | 0.45  |          |
|                         | -82--76   | 131697 | 11.29 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.11  | 0.10  | -0.01 | 0.12  | 0.53  |          |
|                         | -75--68   | 118478 | 10.16 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.92  | -0.08 | 0.01  | -0.09 | 0.61  |          |
|                         | -67--59   | 115975 | 9.94  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.26  | 0.23  | -0.03 | 0.26  | 0.53  |          |
|                         | -58--49   | 115502 | 9.90  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.10  | NaN   | NaN   |          |
|                         | -48--32   | 110107 | 9.44  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.32  | 0.28  | -0.03 | 0.32  | 0.53  |          |
|                         | -31--9    | 105926 | 9.08  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.69  | -0.37 | 0.03  | -0.40 | 0.73  |          |
|                         | -8-153    | 100140 | 8.59  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.73  | -0.32 | 0.03  | -0.34 | 0.73  |          |
| Distance from fault (m) | 0-120     | 119087 | 10.21 | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.11  | NaN   | NaN   | 0.00003  |
|                         | 123-256   | 118526 | 10.16 | 4 | 12.50 | 1.23  | 0.21  | -0.03 | 0.23  | 0.53  |          |
|                         | 258-408   | 118732 | 10.18 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.92  | -0.08 | 0.01  | -0.09 | 0.61  |          |
|                         | 416-577   | 117138 | 10.04 | 7 | 21.88 | 2.18  | 0.78  | -0.14 | 0.92  | 0.43  |          |
|                         | 579-771   | 115748 | 9.92  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.57  | 0.45  | -0.07 | 0.52  | 0.49  |          |
|                         | 774-993   | 115764 | 9.92  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63  | -0.46 | 0.04  | -0.50 | 0.73  |          |
|                         | 994-1268  | 115499 | 9.90  | 3 | 9.38  | 0.95  | -0.05 | 0.01  | -0.06 | 0.61  |          |
|                         | 1271-1632 | 115411 | 9.89  | 6 | 18.75 | 1.90  | 0.64  | -0.10 | 0.74  | 0.45  |          |
|                         | 1633-2292 | 115313 | 9.89  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.10  | NaN   | NaN   |          |
|                         | 2294-6224 | 115220 | 9.88  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.63  | -0.46 | 0.04  | -0.50 | 0.73  |          |
| Lithology               | Ogl       | 1064   | 0.09  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.54617 |
|                         | lgr       | 4841   | 0.42  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -2.63001 |
|                         | Di        | 14     | 0.00  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -2.82522 |
|                         | Hagr      | 245    | 0.02  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -3.00918 |
|                         | Hb        | 2281   | 0.20  | 2 | 6.25  | 31.96 | 3.46  | -0.06 | 3.53  | 4.83  | 10.46756 |
|                         | Oyb       | 1022   | 0.09  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.30763 |
|                         | Qr        | 49757  | 4.27  | 2 | 6.25  | 1.47  | 0.38  | -0.02 | 0.40  | 0.55  | 8.51705  |
|                         | Qd        | 533    | 0.05  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -0.77791 |
|                         | Kad       | 136    | 0.01  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -2.43856 |
|                         | Kbd       | 881    | 0.08  | 1 | 3.13  | 41.37 | 3.72  | -0.03 | 3.75  | 3.69  | 12.86849 |
|                         | Kfl       | 3      | 0.00  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -2.66456 |
|                         | Kgp       | 359    | 0.03  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -0.74304 |
|                         | Kh        | 262    | 0.02  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | 0.00000  |
|                         | Kj        | 792    | 0.07  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.41765 |
|                         | Kqp       | 520    | 0.04  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.78021 |
|                         | Ksgr      | 9862   | 0.85  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.01  | NaN   | NaN   | -2.19213 |
|                         | Jgr       | 19233  | 1.65  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.02  | NaN   | NaN   | -3.80720 |
|                         | Jgr       | 3466   | 0.30  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.49119 |
|                         | Jbs       | 584    | 0.05  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.66856 |
|                         | Jbc       | 3969   | 0.34  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.00  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.74379 |
|                         | TRn       | 20281  | 1.74  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.02  | NaN   | NaN   | -0.32642 |
|                         | TRn1      | 20837  | 1.79  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.02  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.21220 |
|                         | TRn2      | 12158  | 1.04  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.01  | NaN   | NaN   | -0.83909 |
|                         | TRn3      | 6944   | 0.60  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.01  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.12328 |
|                         | TRg       | 53754  | 4.61  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.05  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.18890 |
|                         | Ps        | 18150  | 1.56  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.02  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.79743 |
|                         | Ch        | 69942  | 6.00  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00  | NaN   | 0.06  | NaN   | NaN   | -2.32484 |
|                         | Oj        | 78322  | 6.71  | 1 | 3.13  | 0.47  | -0.76 | 0.04  | -0.80 | -0.79 | 8.10235  |



|  |      |        |       |   |       |      |       |       |       |       |          |
|--|------|--------|-------|---|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|
|  | Omg  | 215666 | 18.49 | 8 | 25.00 | 1.35 | 0.30  | -0.08 | 0.38  | 0.94  | 9.80276  |
|  | Odu  | 89243  | 7.65  | 4 | 12.50 | 1.63 | 0.49  | -0.05 | 0.54  | 1.02  | 9.55816  |
|  | Od   | 6794   | 0.58  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.01  | NaN   | NaN   | -1.58241 |
|  | CEw  | 129104 | 11.07 | 3 | 9.38  | 0.85 | -0.17 | 0.02  | -0.18 | -0.30 | 8.72195  |
|  | CEp  | 112818 | 9.67  | 5 | 15.63 | 1.62 | 0.48  | -0.07 | 0.55  | 1.13  | 8.86861  |
|  | CEm  | 58514  | 5.02  | 2 | 6.25  | 1.25 | 0.22  | -0.01 | 0.23  | 0.32  | 7.71460  |
|  | CEj  | 17535  | 1.50  | 0 | 0.00  | 0.00 | NaN   | 0.02  | NaN   | NaN   | -3.25116 |
|  | PCEt | 103955 | 8.91  | 2 | 6.25  | 0.70 | -0.35 | 0.03  | -0.38 | -0.53 | 7.64571  |
|  | Jugr | 52597  | 4.51  | 2 | 6.25  | 1.39 | 0.33  | -0.02 | 0.34  | 0.47  | 7.53975  |

<sup>a</sup> Using the quantile classification method

<sup>b</sup> Likelihood ratio

<sup>c</sup> Constant value : - 19.07087

Table A1. Spatial relationship between mineral deposits and some related factors

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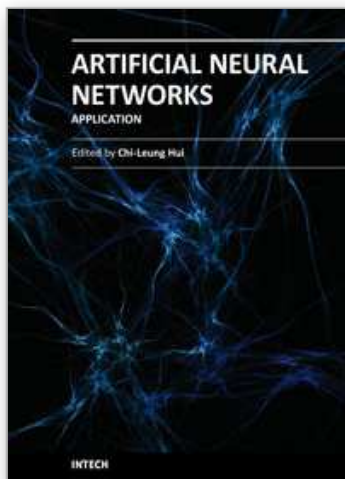
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This book covers 27 articles in the applications of artificial neural networks (ANN) in various disciplines which includes business, chemical technology, computing, engineering, environmental science, science and nanotechnology. They modeled the ANN with verification in different areas. They demonstrated that the ANN is very useful model and the ANN could be applied in problem solving and machine learning. This book is suitable for all professionals and scientists in understanding how ANN is applied in various areas.

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